VARIABILITY OF GIANT SEA-SALT PARTICLES DURING THE VOCALS CAMPAIN

Jorgen B. Jensen NCAR/EOL/RAF





Explain















Explain









GNI system





Dry NaCl equiv. size

GNI NaCl eqivalent sizing:

Combined sizing uncertainty^{*} as a function of dry radius, r_d

 $r_{d}=1 \mu m r_{d}=2 \mu m r_{d}=4 \mu m r_{d}=8 \mu m r_{d}=16 \mu m$

Conc.*	7%	7%	7%	7%	8%
Sizing ^{**}	8%	6%	6%	6%	6%

* Due to slide exposure time, air speed, concentration enhancement factor, and ambient saturation ratio.

** Due to focus, bead mis-sizing, spherical cap ratio, microscope temperature, surface tension and water activity.















Sea salt mixing ratio as a function of (instantaneous) wind speed



Sea salt mixing ratio as a function of altitude



2008/10/18

RF02





RF03

Sea-salt loading increases non-linearly with wind speed

The concentration of very large particles increases non-linearly with seasalt loading

Sea-salt loading increases non-linearly with wind speed

The concentration of very large particles increases non-linearly with seasalt loading

=> There are many more of the largest giant sea-salt particles available in the western end of the VOCALS domain.

Sea-salt loading increases non-linearly with wind speed

The concentration of very large particles increases non-linearly with seasalt loading

- => There are many more of the largest giant sea-salt particles available in the western end of the VOCALS domain.
- => This is a potentially very important aspect of the drizzle formation process.

Sea-salt loading increases non-linearly with wind speed

The concentration of very large particles increases non-linearly with seasalt loading

- => There are many more of the largest giant sea-salt particles available in the western end of the VOCALS domain.
- => This is a potentially very important aspect of the drizzle formation process.

Without a proper representation of the nucleation effect of the giant aerosol particles, I think that we have very little chance of understanding and predicting the drizzle formation.

Sea-salt loading increases non-linearly with wind speed

The concentration of very large particles increases non-linearly with seasalt loading

- => There are many more of the largest giant sea-salt particles available in the western end of the VOCALS domain.
- => This is a potentially very important aspect of the drizzle formation process.

Without a proper representation of the nucleation effect of the giant aerosol particles, I think that we have very little chance of understanding and predicting the drizzle formation.

The end