







## **VOCALS-UK**

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Aerosol and Cloud Measurem LWC: Johnson Williams, Nevzerov LWC, Nevzerov TWC Aerosol and Cloud Measurements: Bulk

**Total Water Content:** Liquid + Ice + Vapour (Lynman- $\alpha$  absorption hygrometer)

**CCN:** Dual channel continuous flow

VACC: Size distribution as a function of thermal volatility

**Condensation Particle Counter:** TSI-3025A Aerosol concentration > 3 nm

**Aerosol Mass Spectrometer:** Mass of non-refractory components of aerosol particles as a function of size (50 - 500 nm)

Single Particle Soot Photometer (SP2): Black carbon mass (single particle basis)

Filters: Sub and Supermicron

**CVI:** Counter Flow Virtual Impactor (Residual particle & vapour from cloud drops)

**Nephelometer:** Aerosol scattering (dry) at  $\lambda = 450,550,700$  nm

Wet Nephelometer: Aerosol scattering f(RH) at  $\lambda = 450,550,700$  nm

**PSAP:** Aerosol absorption at  $\lambda = 567$  nm



![](_page_4_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_3.jpeg)

## Additional Instrumentation

In addition to this instrumentation (see next slides) the aircraft will be fitted with

- Core chemistry: CO, O<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>
- PAN
- Thermodynamics: Temperature, Humidity, Pressure.....
- Dynamics: Turbulence probe
- Sondes
- Video Cameras: Upward, Downward, Forward, Rear

![](_page_5_Picture_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_5_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Picture_3.jpeg)

## **Radiation Instrumentation**

![](_page_5_Picture_5.jpeg)

Microwave Radiometer (MARSS): Upward and downward pointing (+40 to -40 deg) 5 channels 89-183 GHz Derive LWP, T + q structure

Shortwave Spectrometer (SWS): Pointable high resolution spectrometer measuring radiance across spectral range 0.3 – 1.7 μm MODIS type retrievals of cloud properties

Spectral Hemispheric Irradiance Measurement (SHIM): As SWS but hemispherically integrating. Mounted on top and bottom of aircraft. Derive cloud optical depth

Broad Band Radiometers: Derive cloud optical depth

Heiman Radiometer: Sea surface temperature

Airborne Research Interferometer Evaluation System (ARIES): Interferometer producing high resolution spectra  $18 - 3.3 \mu m$ . Retrieve profiles of gases (CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, O<sub>3</sub> etc) and sea surface temperature. Cloud info incl cloud top temp.....

![](_page_6_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Picture_1.jpeg)

## NERC Do-228 Airborne Research and Survey Facility (ARSF)

LIDAR: A Leosphere (ALS300) aerosol backscatter lidar will be installed on the Do-228

**ASP:** accumulation mode Optical Aerosol Sizing Probe (0.1<D<sub>p</sub><10 µm, 40 channels)

#### Hyperspectral Imaging:

The Eagle and Hawk hyperspectral sensors are the most They are pushbroom systems Eagle has a 1000 pixel swath width, covering the visible and near infra-red spectrum 400 - 970nm. Spectral resolution of the sensor is 2.9nm

The AISA Hawk has a wavelength range (970 - 2450nm); it has 320 pixels, 244 spectral pixels and a spectral resolution of 8nm

AIMMS: Turbulence sensor

**POLARIMETER:** Measurement of spectrally resolved full Stokes' vectors

#### Flights conducted so far:

- 26 Oct VA01 test flight along 20° S to 74° 38' W
- 28 Oct VA02 test flight for polarimeter.
- 30 Oct VA03 flight over Ron Brown coord with 146.
- 31 Oct VA04 20 °S mission with C130 below, 146 above.
- 2 Nov VA05 Free tropospheric aerosol with a succession of profiles.
- 3 Nov VA06 coordinated with 146: Peruvian border then 75W 20S with 146 below
- 4 Nov VA07 20S mission with 5 aircraft, 76W at 15000 back at 11000 and 10000
- 5 Nov VA08 pollution profiling along coast.
- 6 Nov VA09 test flight out to alpha at 15000' then 20 S

![](_page_7_Figure_10.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Figure_0.jpeg)

## BAe 146 Flights completed to date:

• 20-South cross sections

on B408(26/10); B410(29/10); B412(31/10); B414(4/11)

- 4, all with different characteristics in terms of:
  - Well-mixed and decoupled boundary layers
  - Homogeneity of stratocumulus
  - Drizzle occurrence
- 2 intercomparisons with C-130
- 2 low-level returns

2 high-level sonde-dropping (78W to 72W)

- POC studies
  - 2 completed
  - one sampled subsequently by C-130 (quasi-Lagrangian)
  - One at sunset (**B409**) and one at sunrise (**B415**)
- Pollution (non)-plumes (**B413**)
  - Coastal survey in vicinity of Ilo smelter. Speculation that it had been turned off were later found to be true!

**B412** and **B414 B408** and **B410 B412** and **B414** 

(**B409** and **B415**) (**B409**)

# Possible flight missions for the remaining period

- 20-S cross section
  - At least 2 and possibly 3 more
  - Coordination with G-1 on one of these (Sat 8<sup>th</sup>?)
- POC studies
  - At least one more (maybe Friday 7<sup>th</sup>)
- Lagrangian studies
  - Opportunities for combined missions with C-130, day-flights during the last week
- Last flight day, Fri 14<sup>th</sup> Nov

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Figure_3.jpeg)

D20081031\_141620\_P.3 082149483 VOCALS, B412 none, none

![](_page_15_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Data Highlights: An example of POC mission (B409)

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### Aerosol composition below cloud during POC mission B409

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#### Aerosol size distribution below cloud during POC mission B409

![](_page_21_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### B409 - In Cloud

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Unified Model performance example

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

Model has cloud inhomogeneities but often artefacts – change of BL height between grid levels (increase from 38 to 70 model levels in 2009).

## Unified Model performance example

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

Model has cloud inhomogeneities but often artefacts – change of BL height between grid levels (increase from 38 to 70 model levels in 2009).

Seems to miss larger POC/rift regions but may get some realistic structure parallel to Peru coast