SOAS Ground Site Data Management

Handled through NOAA

In practice:

- Report data on 1-min time basis (NOAA will provide), 1-sec data to stay with PI
- Slower data use start and stop
- Profile data: image files + time series of derived parameters,
 e.g. BL height
- Flux data: fluxes only, high-frequency data to stay with PI
- Use 1 file for entire time series
- Naming: Rev A even when data are added, Rev B if calibration changes etc.; Rev 0, 1 etc. for preliminary to final data
- ICARTT format; UTC time

Open for suggestions. Detailed instructions to follow



Tropospheric Chemistry: Measurements

Tropospheric chemical research relies on measurements of the chemical and physical processes of the troposphere, particularly the effects of pollution on those processes. These measurements are obtained from mobile and ground-based platforms during coordinated field projects including CalNex 2010, ARCPAC 2008, ICEALOT 2008, TexAQS 2006, NEAQS-ITCT or ICARTT 2004, ITCT 2002, NEAQS 2002, TexAQS 2000, and SOS 1999. In addition, we also have information about field projects before 1999.

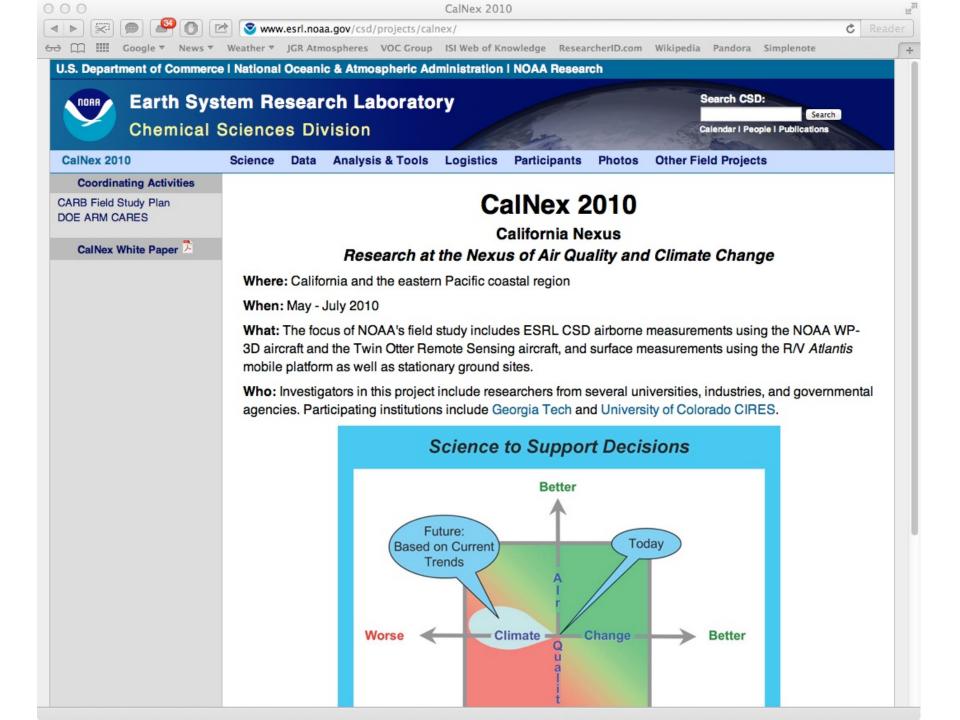
Climate Change, Air Quality, Air Pollution

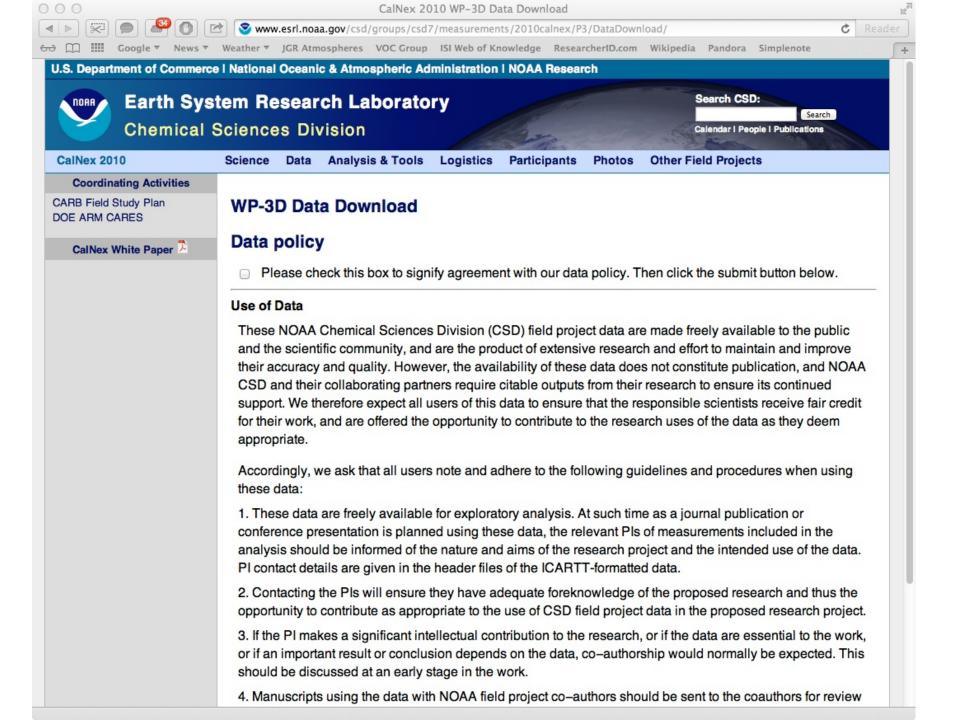
Our field experiments have been designed to address components of these major topics by making measurements of chemical species, aerosol size and composition, as well as solar radiation using an extensive suite of instruments. These measurements are made by scientists from CSD as well as those from other institutions that we collaborate with. Here you can find this data from all of our major field campaigns.

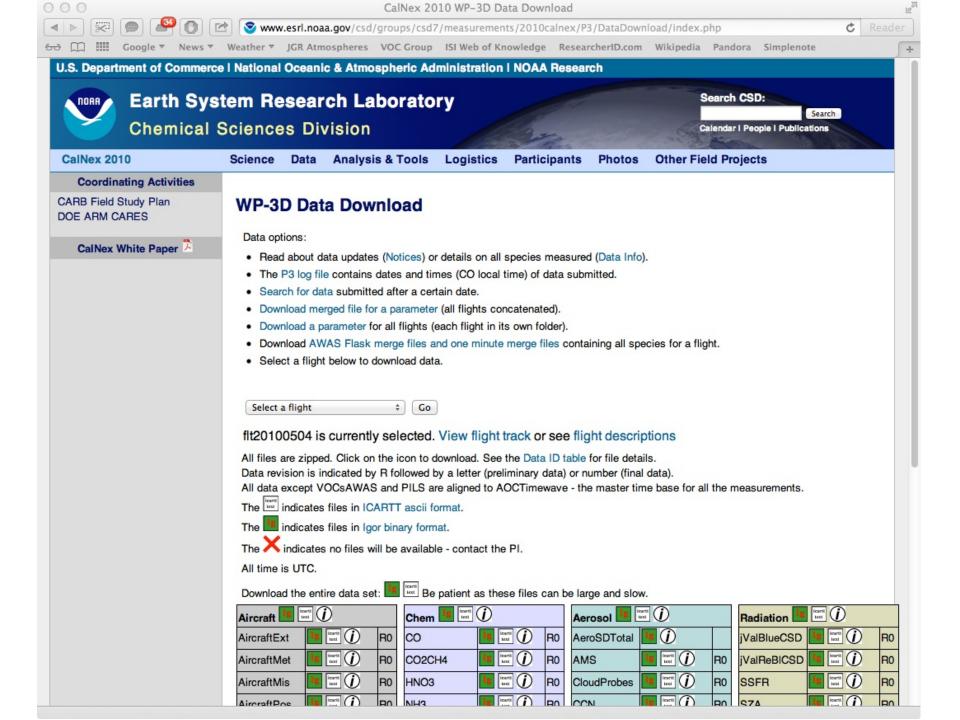
Please note data access may require authentication. Resources for investigators include Data (Igor) Tools (authentication required) and ICARTT Data Format information. Use the faceted datasets search tool to search data across all major projects. Provided for convenience are also datasets for modellers.

Field projects begun after 1999 are identified on the globe below. Mouse over a project name for basic information, or click a project name for detailed information and data. Alternatively, view a field missions text listing instead of navigating the globe.



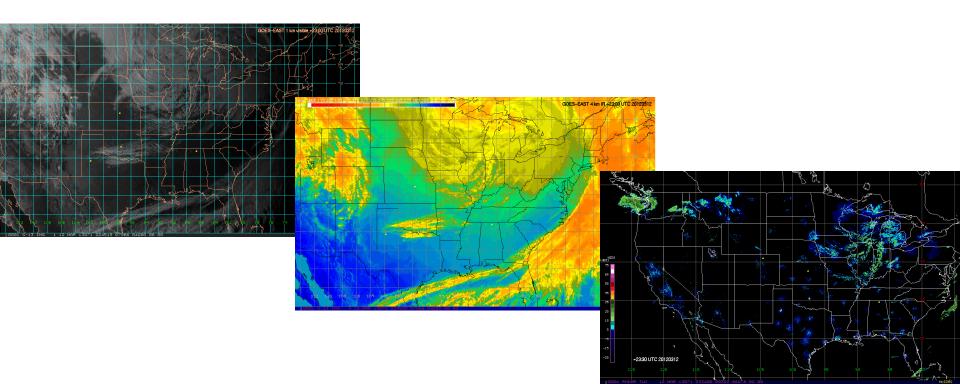






Forecast, Imagery and Modeling

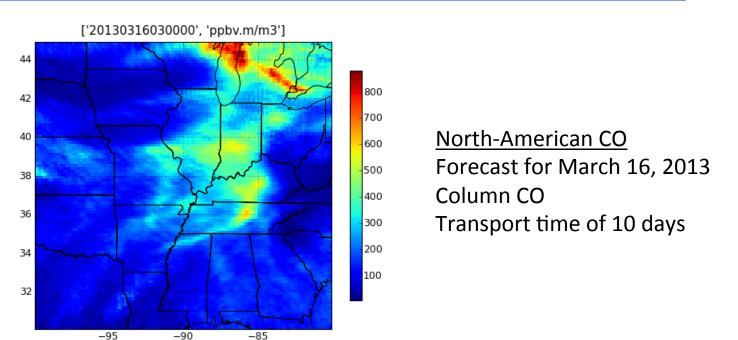
- 1. GOES visible and IR: every 15 min, archived for the entire study period, U.S. and sub-regions
- Composite radar base reflectivity
 Examples for DC3 (Owen Cooper):
 www.esrl.noaa.gov/csd/groups/csd4/metproducts/2012dc3/



Forecast, Imagery and Modeling

- 3. Flexpart forecasts (biomass burning, anthropogenic, perhaps simplified biogenic)
- 4. Flexpart analyses: time series and footprints for WP-3D flight tracks and ground sites

Forecast site already up (Jerome Brioude): www.esrl.noaa.gov/csd/groups/csd4/forecasts/senex/



Forecast, Imagery and Modeling

- 5. WRF-Chem model output: not forecasts (Stu McKeen and Ravan Ahmadov)
- 6. GFDL AM3 model: output along WP-3D flight tracks and for ground sites (Larry Horowitz, Jingqiu Mao)
- 7. Emissions: Map viewer (Greg Frost)
- 8. Real time NOAA WP-3D data on top of various imagery and model forecasts

Communication

Need regular communication (phone calls) between platform PIs:

- Discuss forecasts, planned flights, observations, coordinate
- Daily?
- What time works best?
- What technology?

Communication across all Southeast 2013 participants

- Social media?
- Need to have some control who has access for science findings, flight plans, etc.