ADVANCES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SIMPLE RAINGAUGE NETWORK IN SUPPORT FOR NAME

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Abstract: A rainfall network's implementation with the aim to improve climate records in NW México is being constructed. Budget restrictions obligue to make cuts in personnel for both data taking and maintenance, therefore the number of climate stations has dramatically decresed during the last decade. Since this region in México is the less dense in terms of the number of climate stations, it was proposed under the NAME proyect to conform a rainfall climate network mainly for the tier 1 domain.

NOAA/OGP provided the funding to install 1,100 raingauges mainly on locations were no climate stations were installed and trying to cover those regions in which, according to other sources, most of the rainfall occurr.

Data is collected by a number of volunteers over the region: local government offices, farmers and ranchers associations, schools, civil protection offices and general public. Most of them report via a Web data base http://galileo.imta.mx/DBNAME/pagina.php





Recorded rainfall using SMN's Mexican Climate Network for July 26, 2006







Effcy. (%)

60%

58%

Pending

Days

937

63

30

Using available communications infraestructure, rainfall data is reported via radio frequency or directly trough the Web page. Sonora and Chihuahua are using the network for daily monitoring and forecasting.

As a climate network, that initially was proposed that data would be collected every three months. Now is being used for regular operational monitoring and forecasting. Nonetheless, for some raingauge stations data is collected every few months.



data base, colors were used in order to ovoid v overlaping

Recorded one day accumulated rainfall for July 26, 2006

2005-08-09-12:38



Local population participate in the data collection

Summary:

Pending

1. The raingauge network is working and for some specific sectors it became operational.

2006

- 2.As shown in the example, data from the NAME raigauge network improves substantially the estimation of rainfall
- 3.As shown, most thunderstorms in NW Mexico hardly can be depicted using CNA's climate network. This is one of the scientific issues due to the complexity of these storms formations.
- 4.Data will be used for research purposes in order to explain these storm formations.
- 5. The raingauge network's implementation will
- continue until central Sinaloa and will be completed this fall.

HADS: COLA/10ES

115

Estate	No. of raingauges	No. of raingauges geographically located	No. of raingauges operative	Start
Sonora	450	430	330	2004
Chihuahua	230	81	67	2006

27

strongly

Sinaloa

N-	115#	11 4 W	113#	112*	1110	110w	1004	10èw	You	10 8 W	1054	1048	10.3₩		AND DO NOT THE
15	Number of raingauges reporting daily through the Web data base, colors were used in order to ovoid visual									Participation of farmers associations and officials is encouraged	3				