## **MPEX Analyses with Dropsondes**

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Mesoscale and Microscale Meteorology Division

NCAR Earth System Laboratory

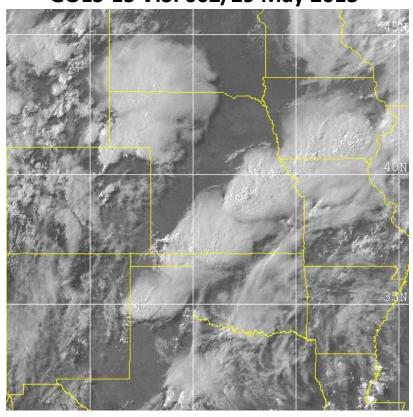
Boulder, Colorado

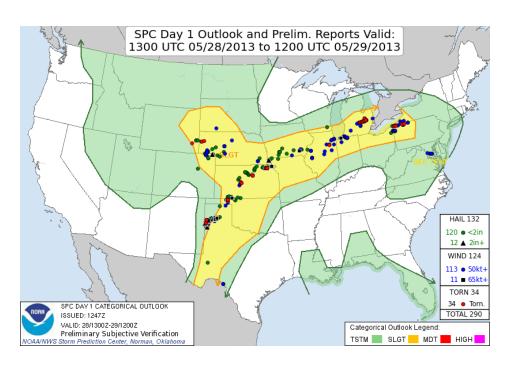
## **Purpose**

- Use MPEX observations for comparison with operational model analyses at 1200 UTC
  - Dropsondes, flight level data, MTP(?)
- Examine "triggering" disturbances and air mass stratification
- Identify persistent biases/errors in operational model analyses
- Investigate how these errors may impact convective forecasts for 6–24 h lead times

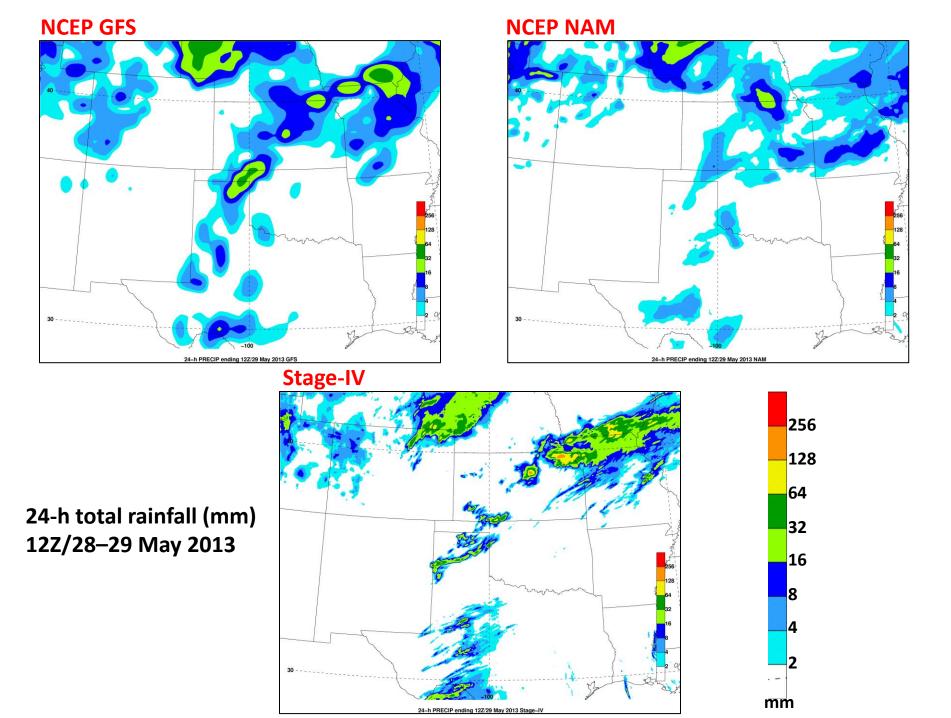
# Example Case: 28 May 2013

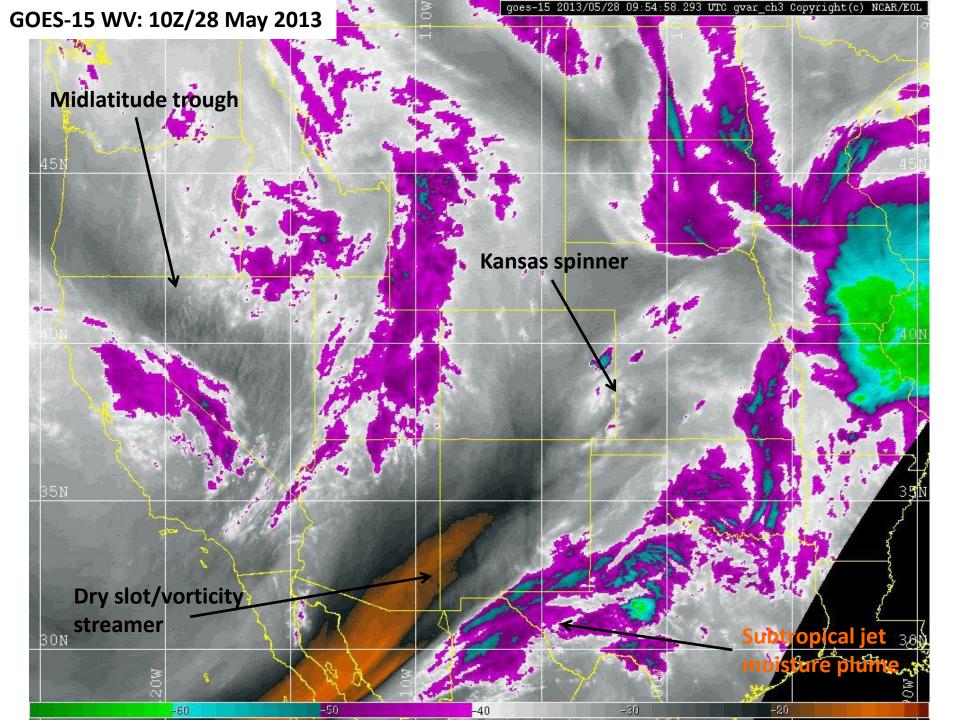
GOES-15 VIS: 00Z/29 May 2013

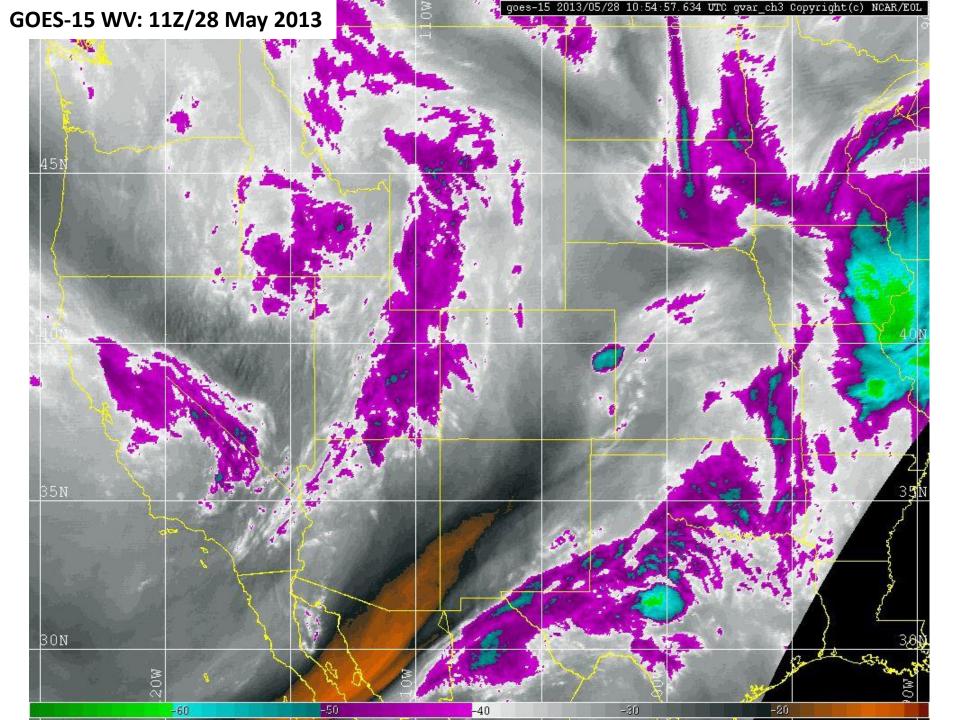


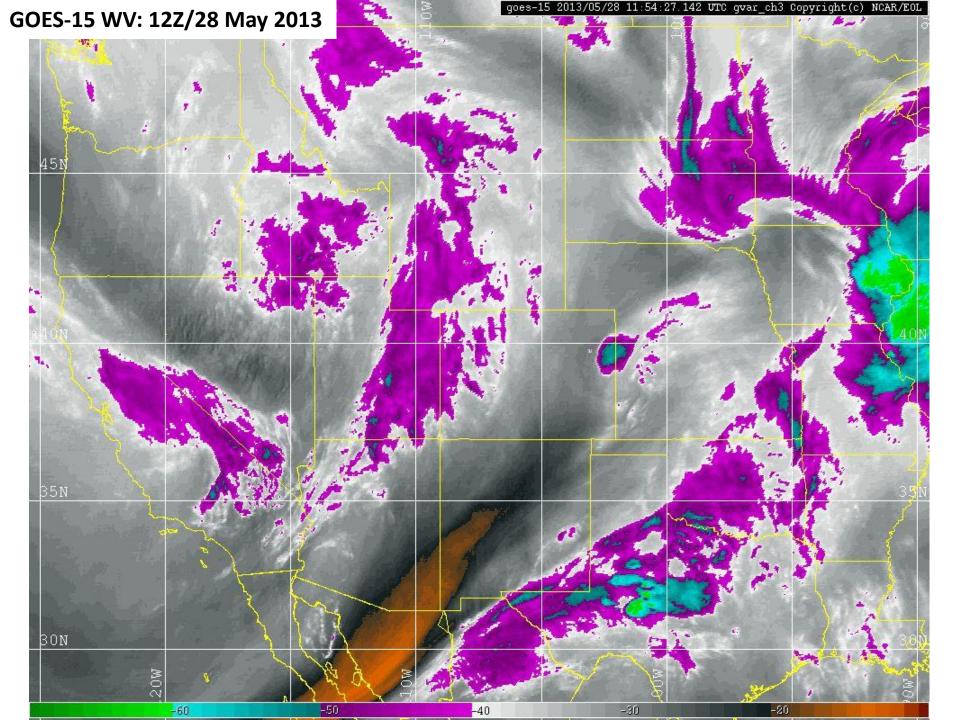


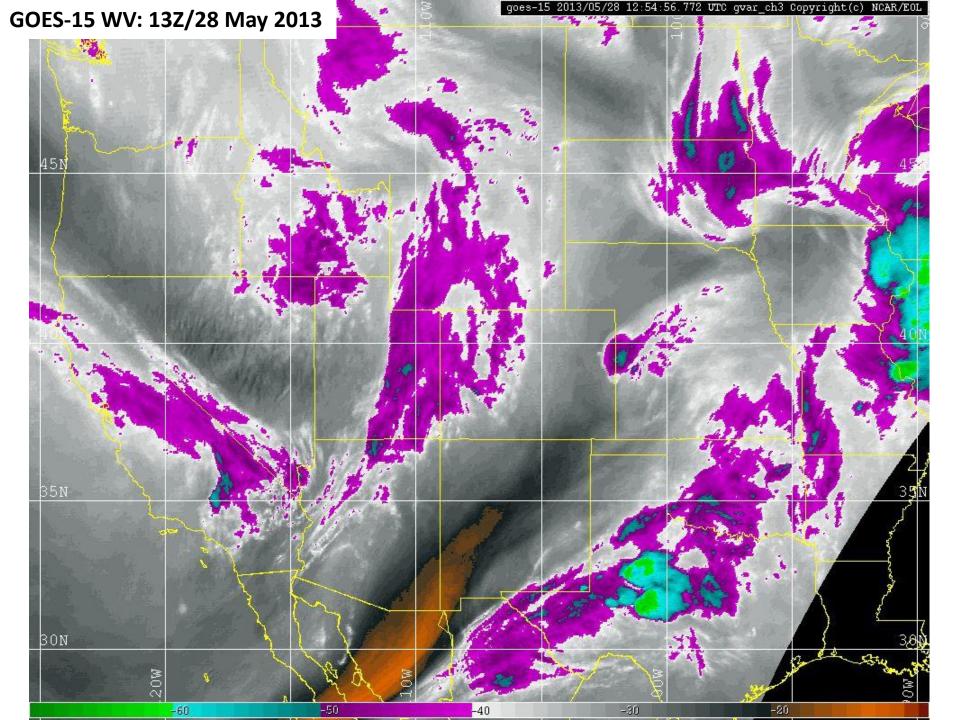
 Severe convection developed from Iowa to Texas Panhandle along front and dryline as upper-level features emerged from the Intermountain West

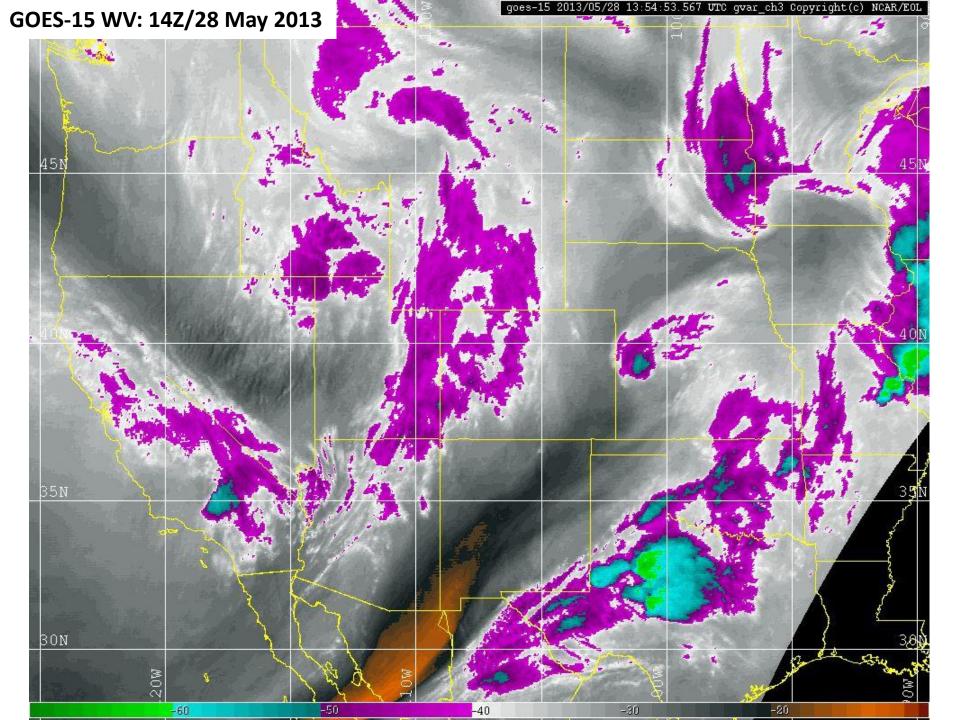


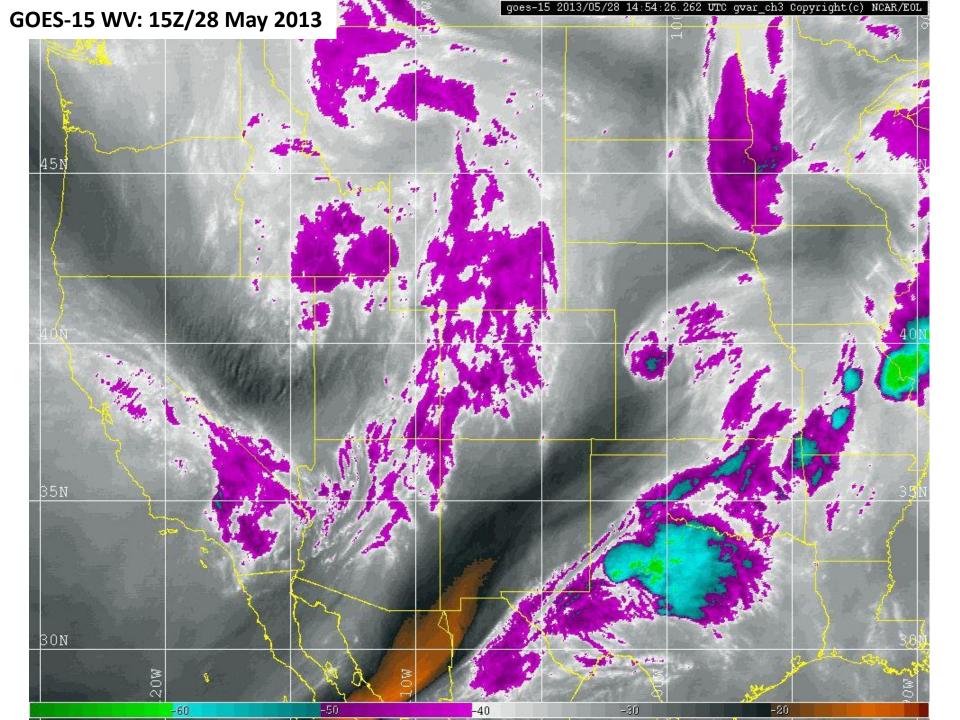


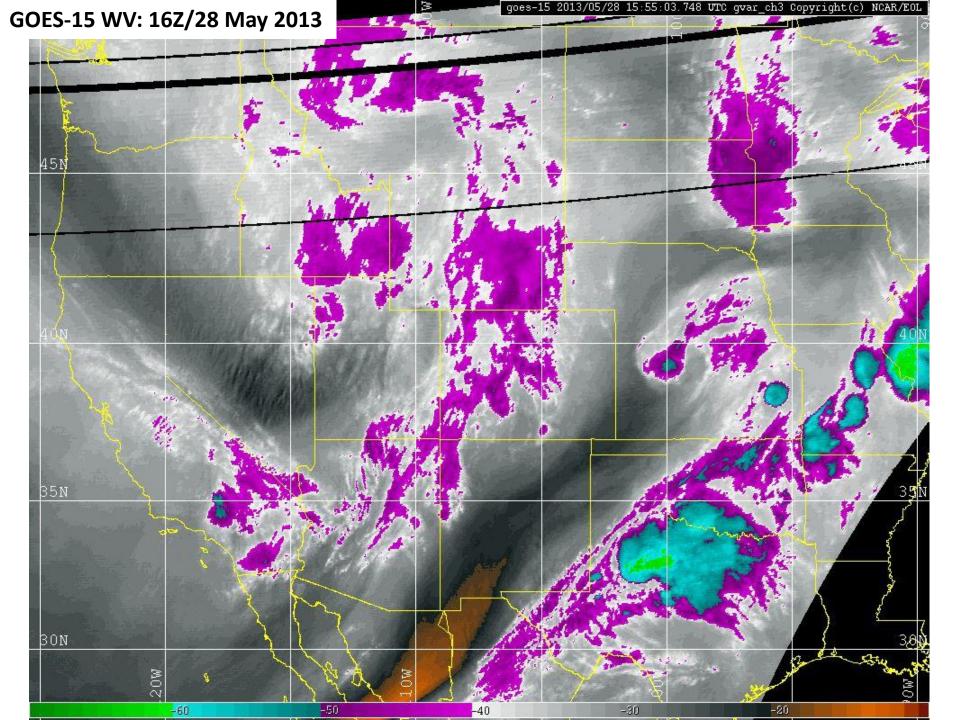


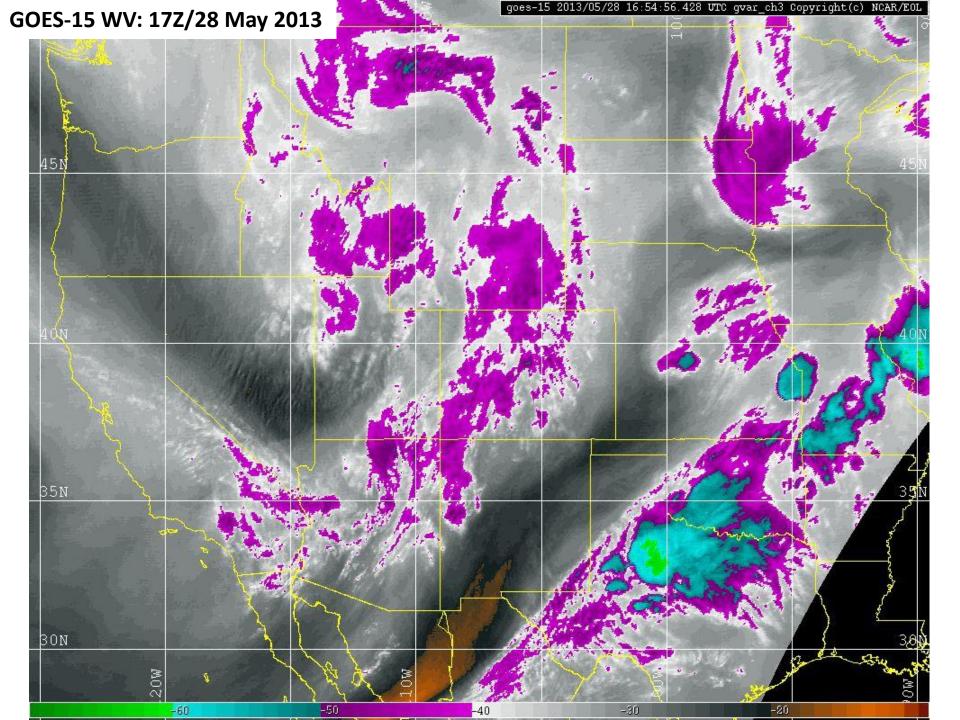


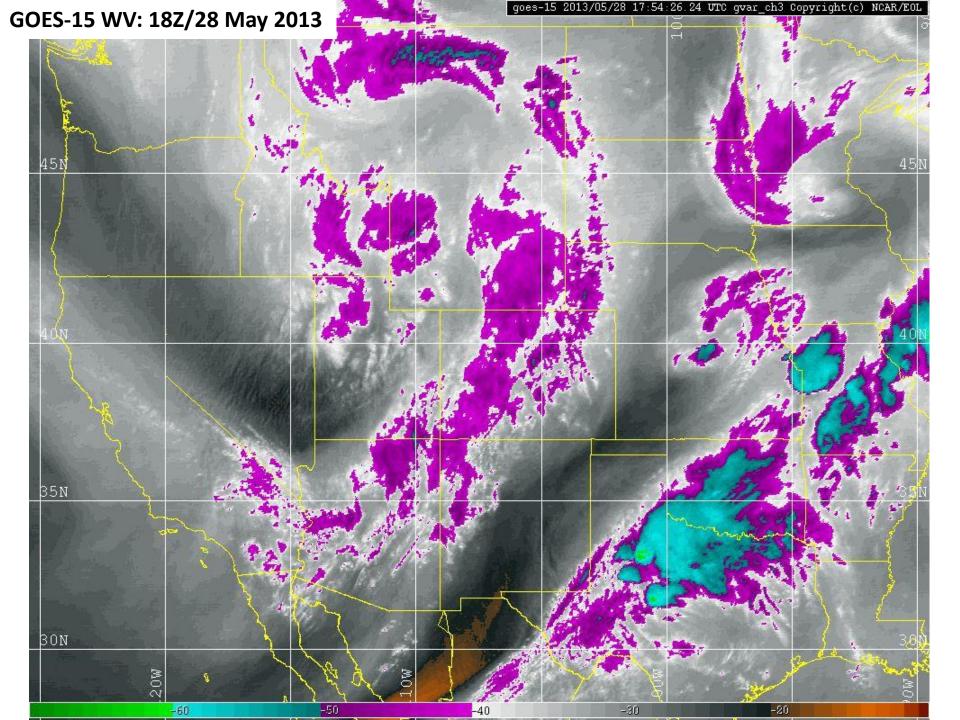


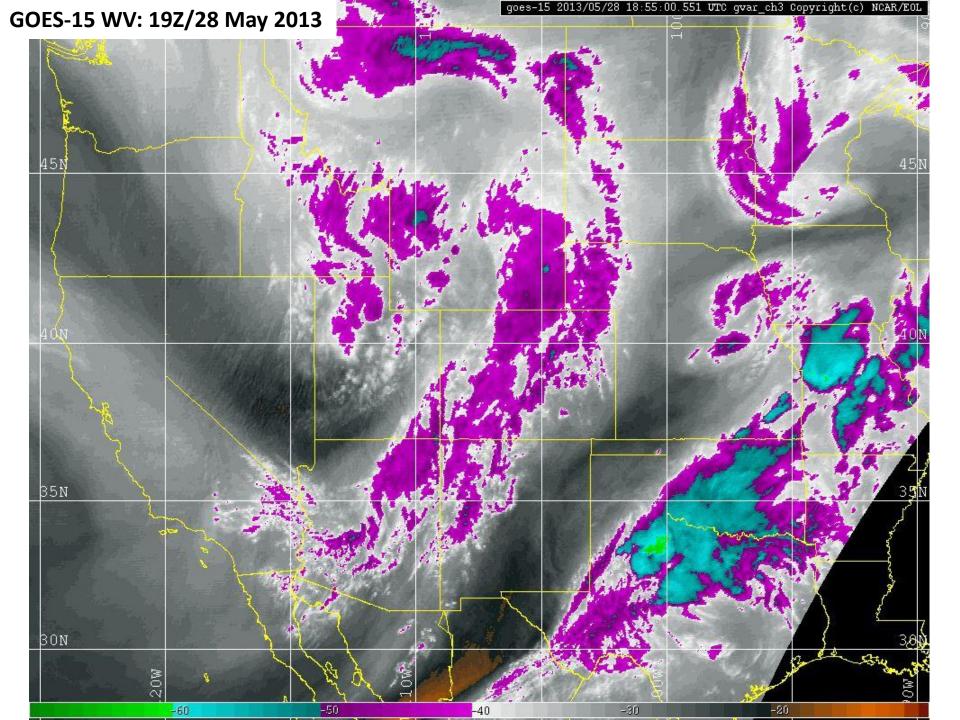


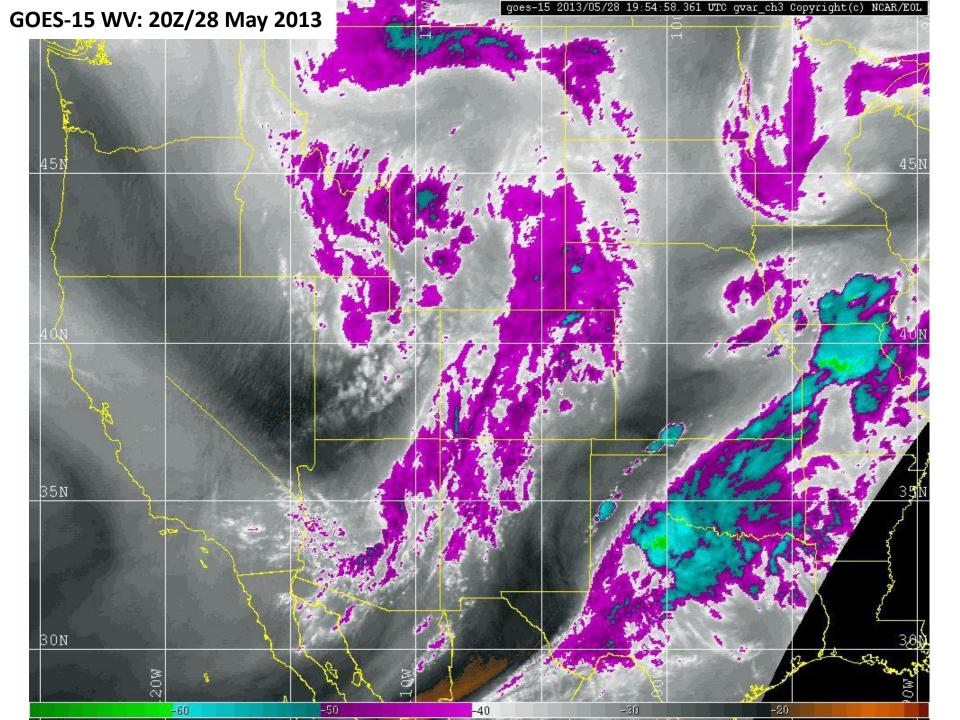


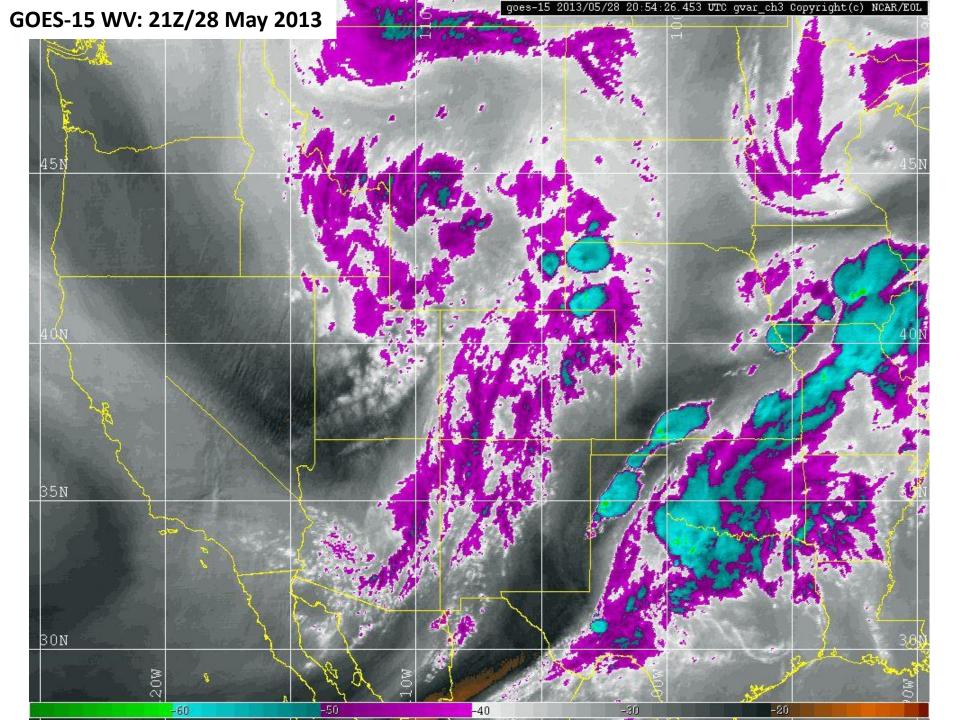


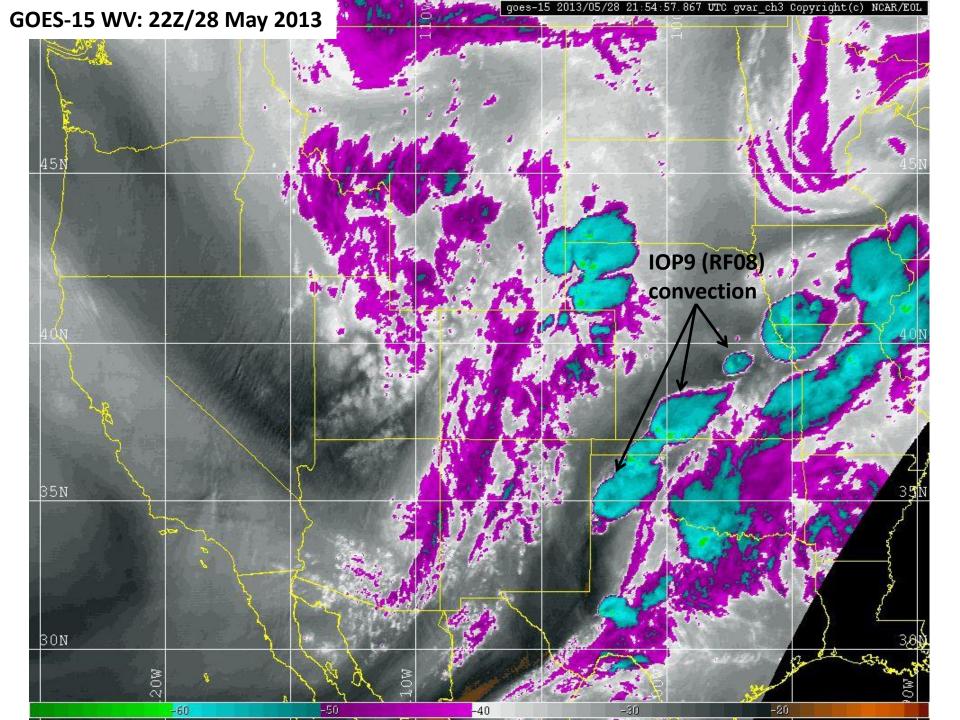


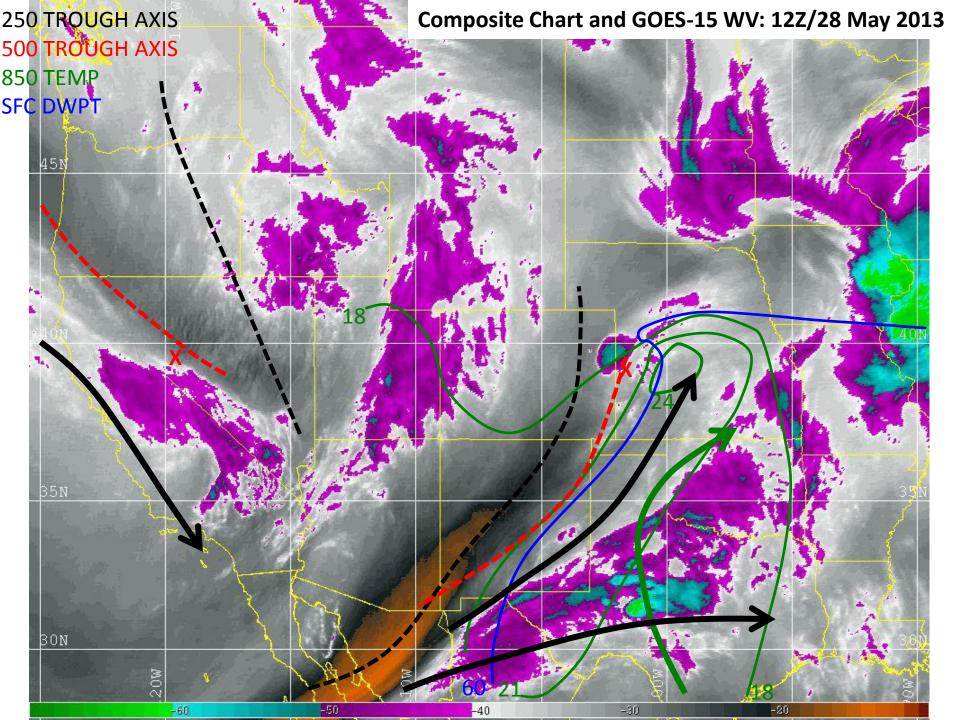




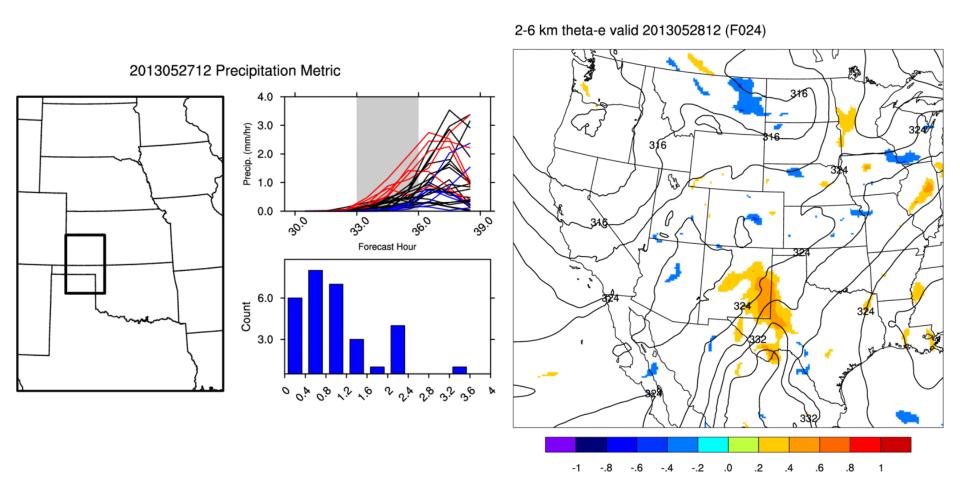






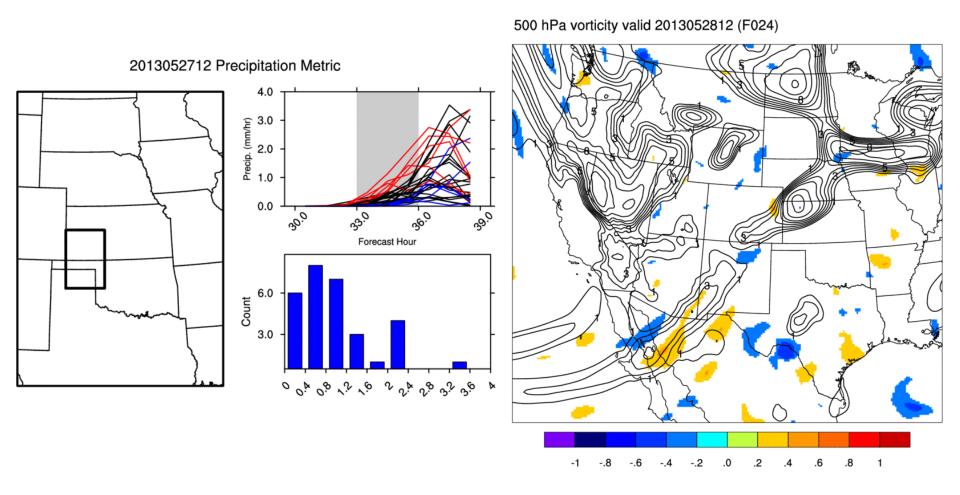


## **Ensemble Sensitivity: 12Z/27 May Init**

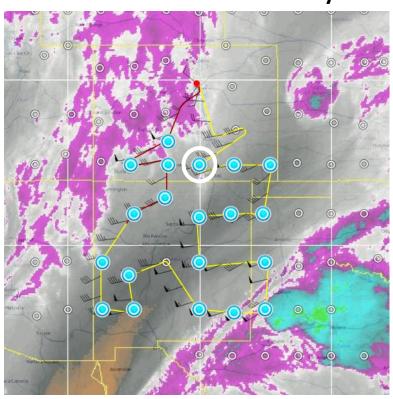


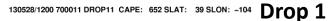
 Goal of morning mission was to sample upper-level vorticity features and mid-tropospheric moisture over New Mexico

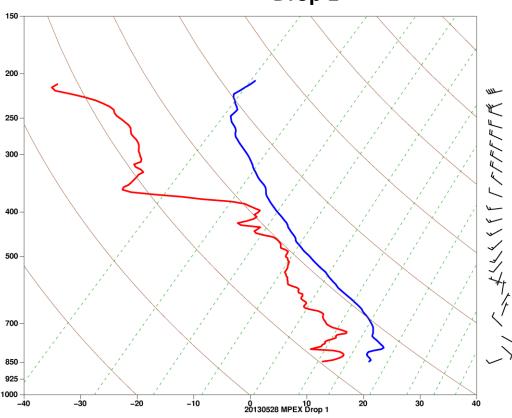
### **Ensemble Sensitivity: 12Z/27 May Init**

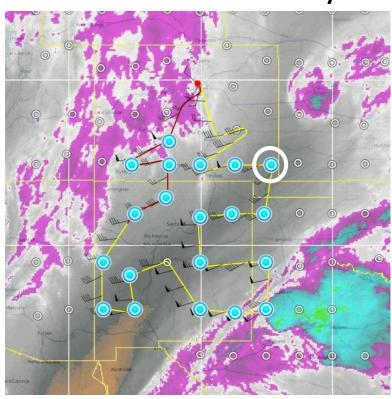


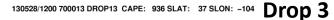
 Goal of morning mission was to sample upper-level vorticity features and mid-tropospheric moisture over New Mexico

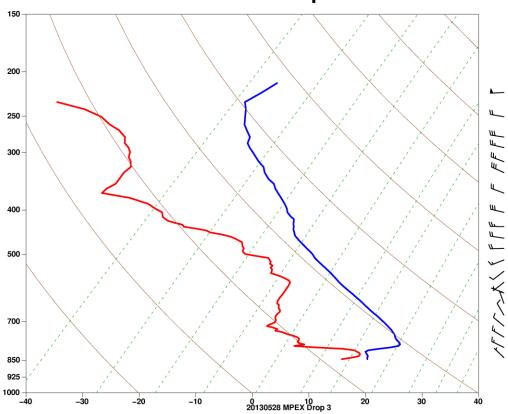


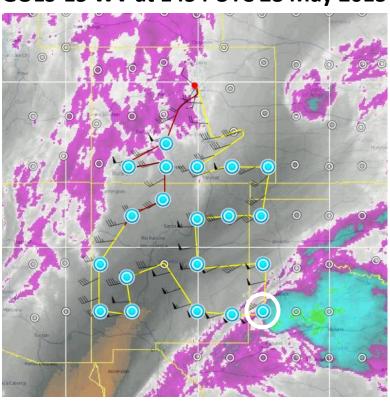


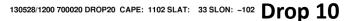


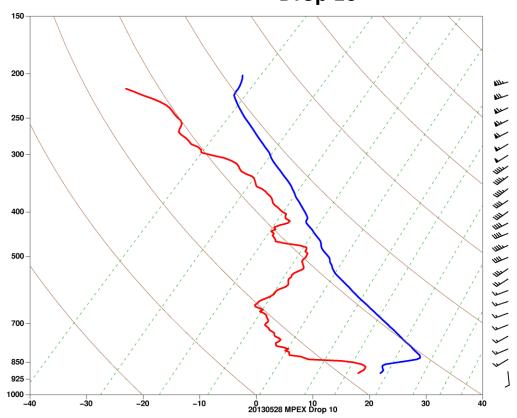


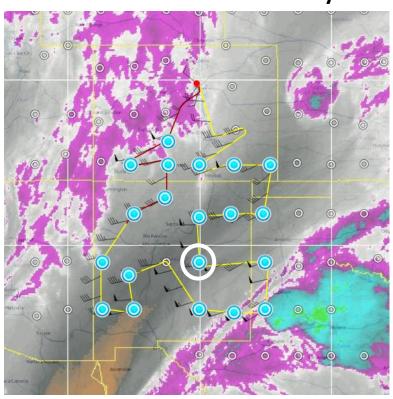


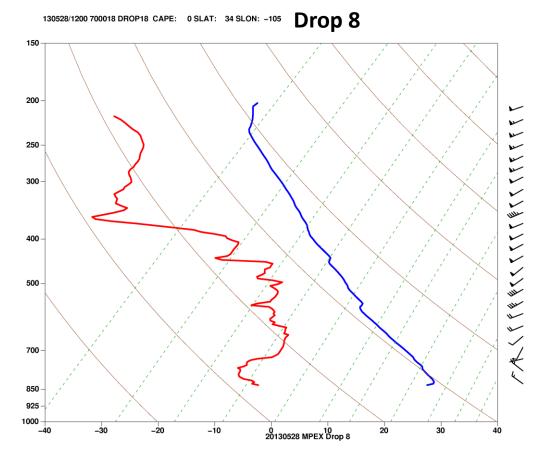


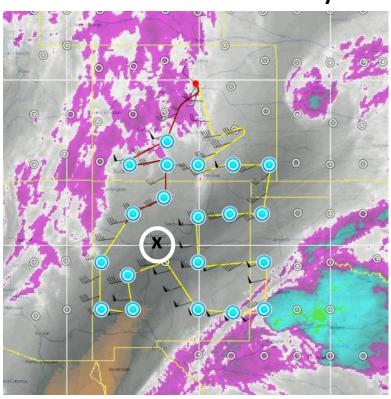


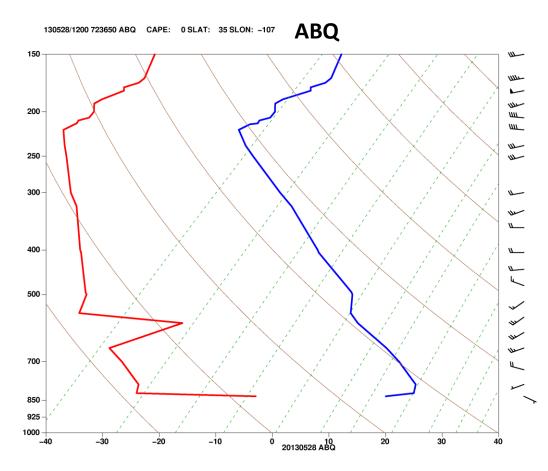




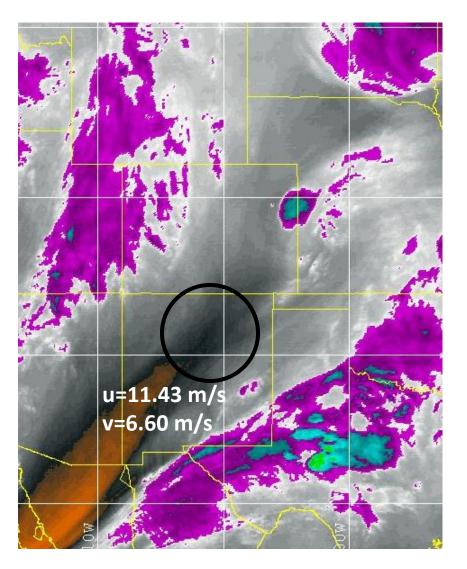








## **Time-Space Correction**

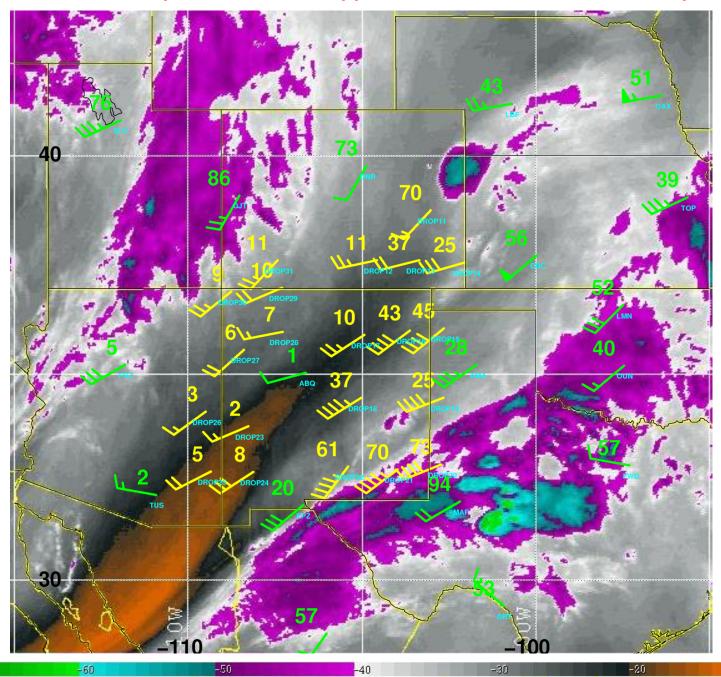


- Time-space correct dropsonde locations to 1200 UTC 28 May
- Use motion of leading nose of dry slot
  - ENE 190.1 km in 4 hours (10–14 UTC)
  - Motion 13.2 m/s at 60°
- Motion of Kansas spinner yields same result

### GOES-15 Water Vapor and 500 mb Upper-Air Observations: 12Z/28 May 2013



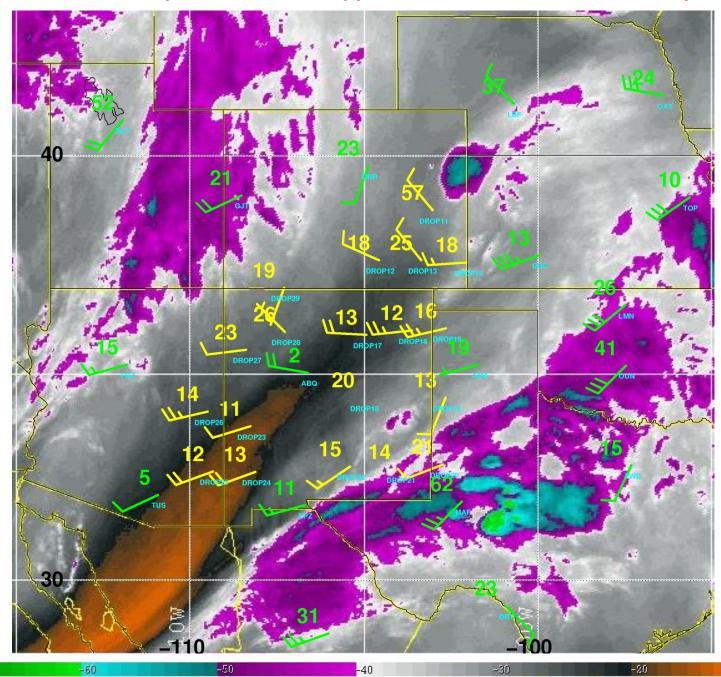
%RH



### GOES-15 Water Vapor and 700 mb Upper-Air Observations: 12Z/28 May 2013

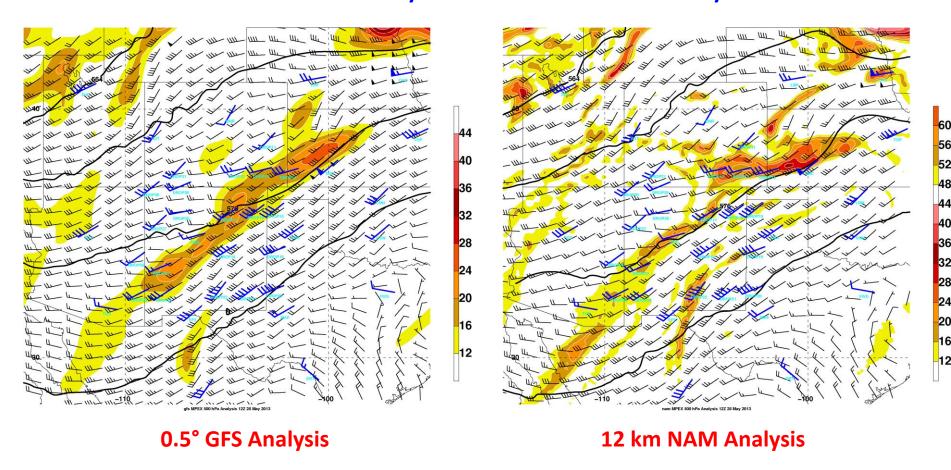


%RH



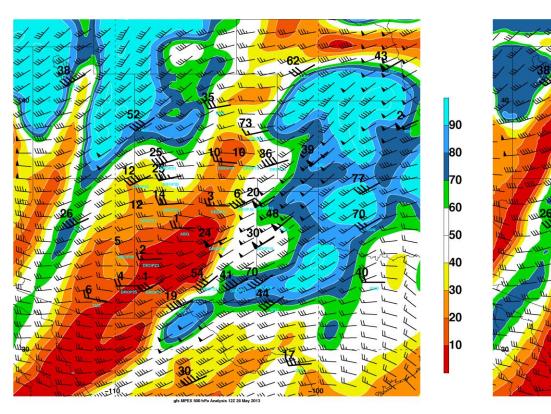
# **Dropsondes and Model Analyses**

500 hPa Absolute Vorticity and Wind at 1200 UTC 28 May 2013



## **Dropsondes and Model Analyses**

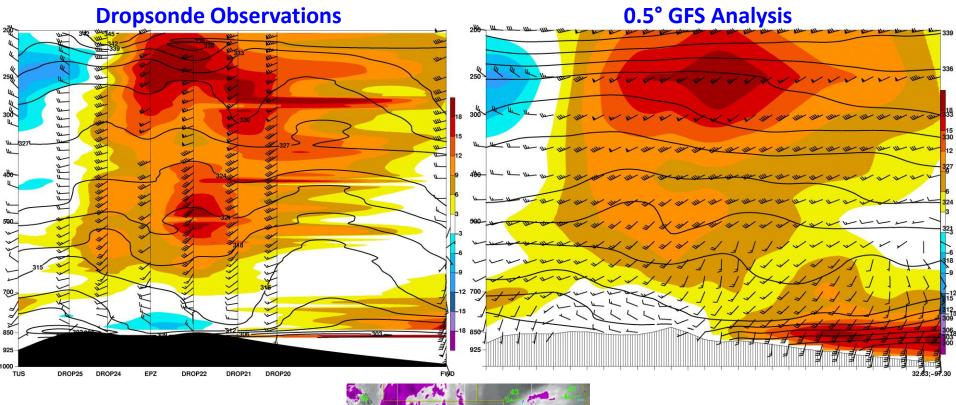
400 hPa Relative Humidity and Wind at 1200 UTC 28 May 2013

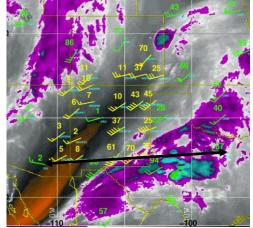


0.5° GFS Analysis

12 km NAM Analysis

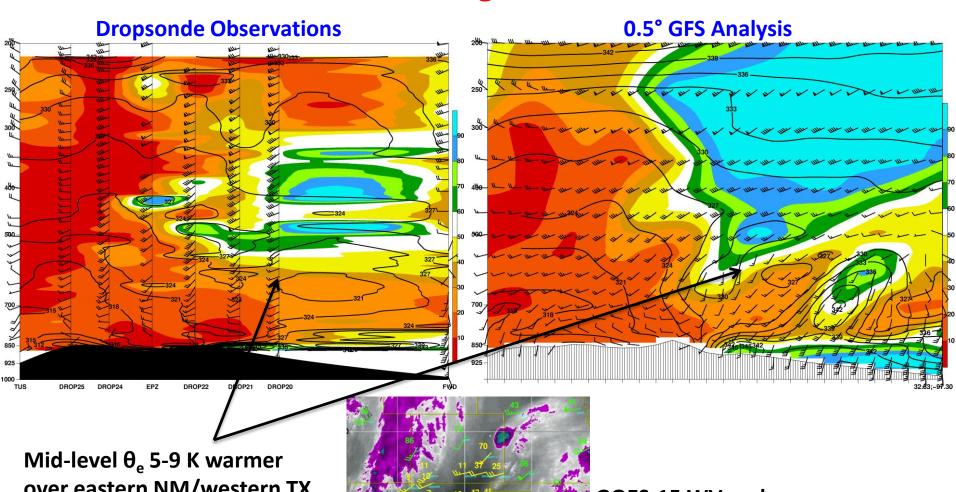
## **Cross Sections: θ and Wind at 12Z/28**





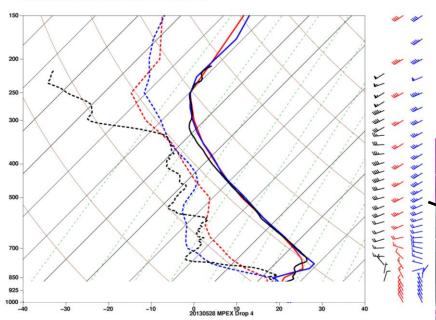
GOES-15 WV and 500 hPa RH and wind

# Cross Sections: RH, $\theta_e$ and Wind at 12Z/28

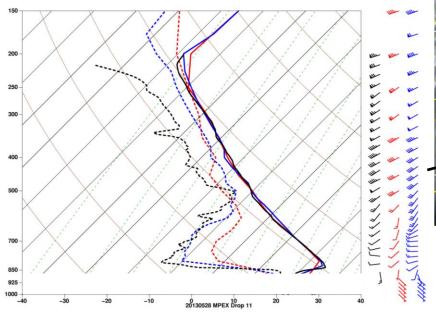


Mid-level  $\theta_e$  5-9 K warmer over eastern NM/western TX in GFS analysis compared to dropsondes

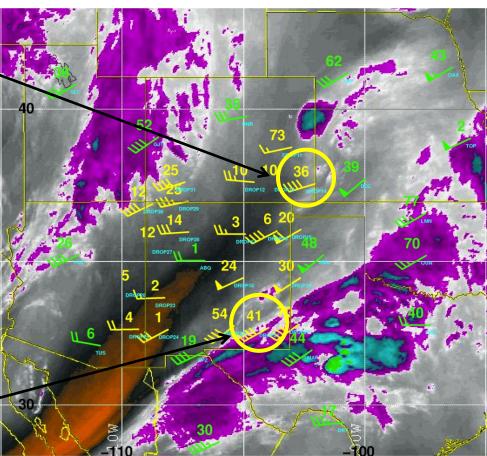
GOES-15 WV and 500 hPa RH and wind





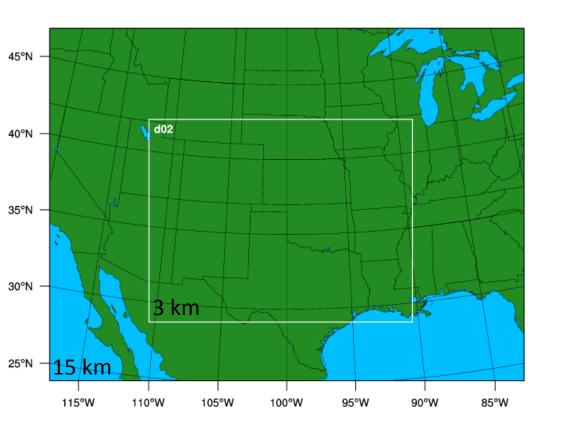


#### GOES-15 WV and 400 hPa RH and wind



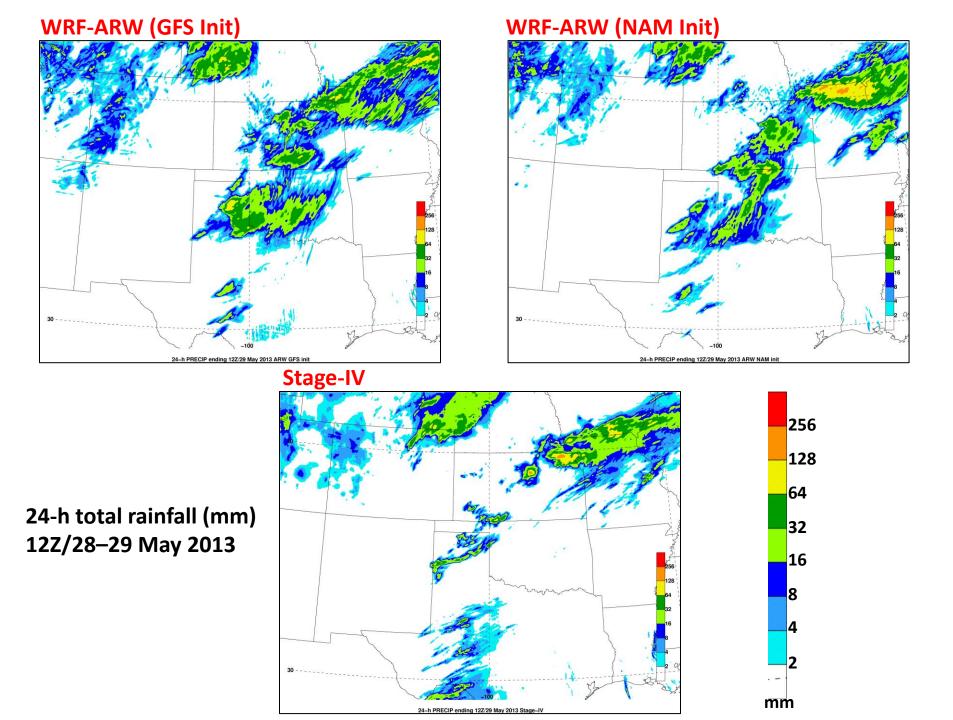
### **ARW Simulations**

#### Initialized at 1200 UTC 28 May 2013



- WRF-ARW v3.5.1
- 15/3 km two-way nests
- 51 vertical levels
- 0.5° GFS Analyses BC
- Operational GFS or NAM IC
- Tiedtke cumulus on 15 km domain/explicit on 3 km
- YSU boundary layer
- WSM-6 microphysics
- Noah Land Surface
- RRTMG shortwave radiation
- RRTM longwave radiation
- 2D Smagorinsky turbulence
- Second order diffusion
- Positive definite scalar advection

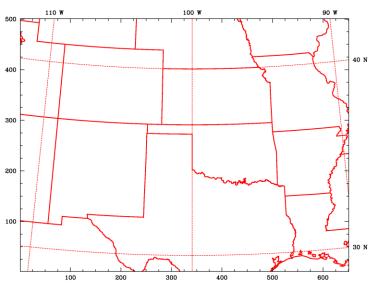
How might differences in operational analyses contribute to departures in ARW simulations?



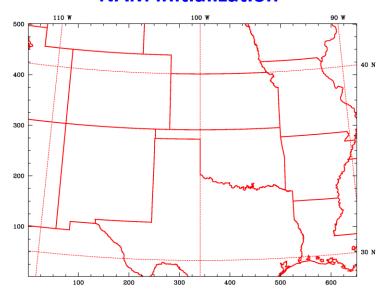
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 0.00 h Max Reflectivity

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Init:~1200~UTC~Tue~28~May~13} \\ {\rm Valid:~1200~UTC~Tue~28~May~13} \end{array}$ 

#### **GFS** initialization

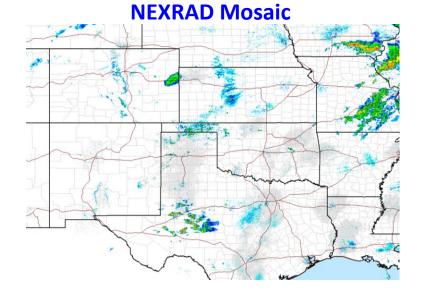


#### **NAM** initialization



Model Info: V3.5.1 No Cu YSU PBL WSM 6class Noah LSM 3.0 km, 50 levels, 15 sec LW: RRTM SW: RRTMG DIFF: simple KM: 2D Smagor Model Info: V3.5.1 No Cu YSU PBL WSM 6class Noah LSM 3.0 km, 50 levels, 15 sec LW: RRTM SW: RRTMG DIFF: simple KM: 2D Smagor

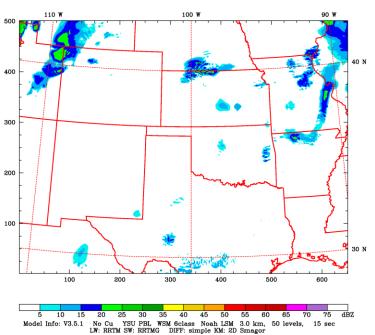
ARW 0-h forecast v12Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



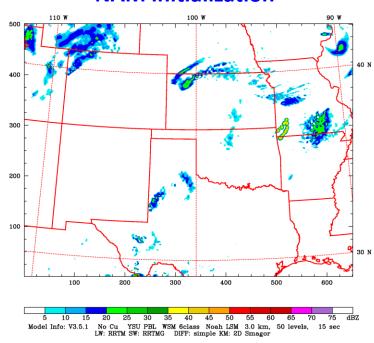
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 1.00 h Max Reflectivity

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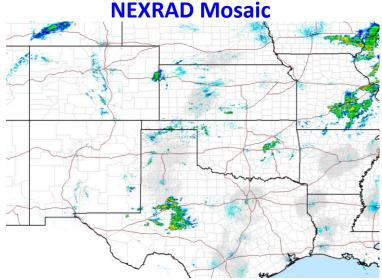
#### **GFS** initialization

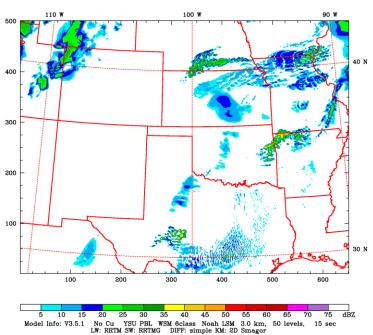


#### **NAM** initialization

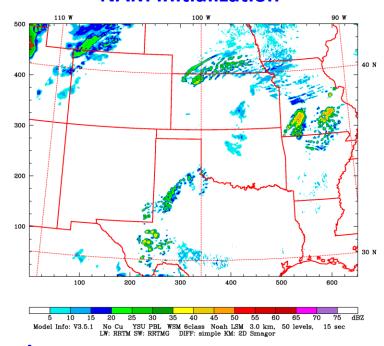


**ARW 1-h forecast** v13Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

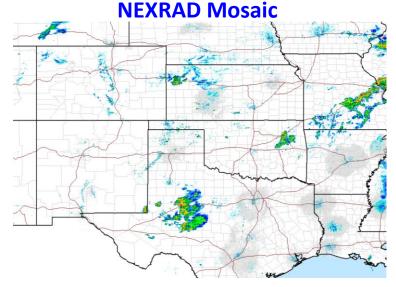




#### **NAM** initialization



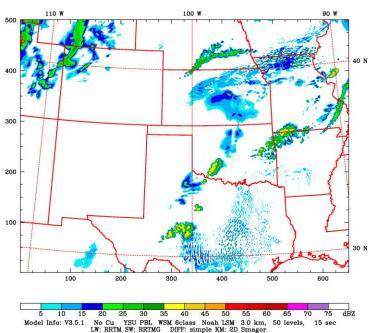
ARW 2-h forecast v14Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



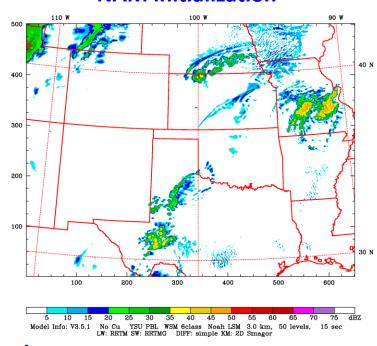
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 3.00 h Max Reflectivity

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#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



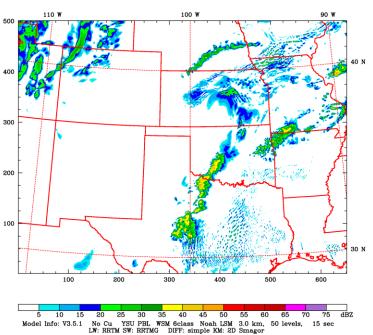
**ARW 3-h forecast** v15Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



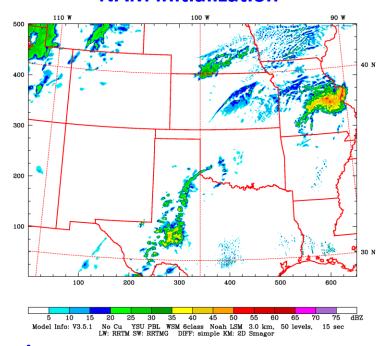
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 4.00 h Max Reflectivity

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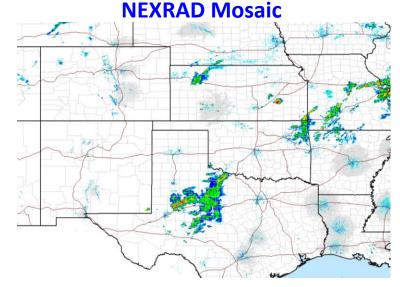
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



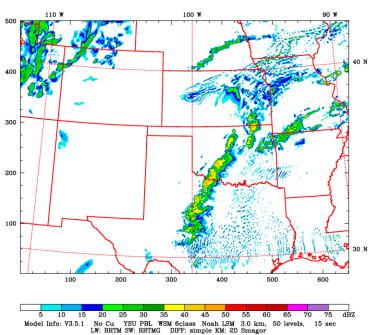
ARW 4-h forecast v16Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



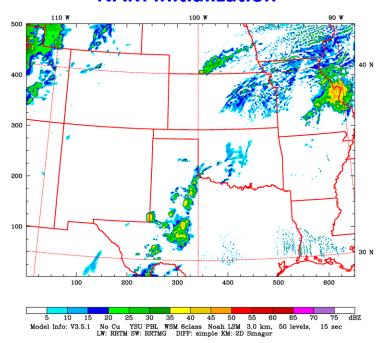
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 5.00 h Max Reflectivity

Init: 1200 UTC Tue 28 May 13 Valid: 1700 UTC Tue 28 May 13 (1200 CDT Tue 28 May 13)

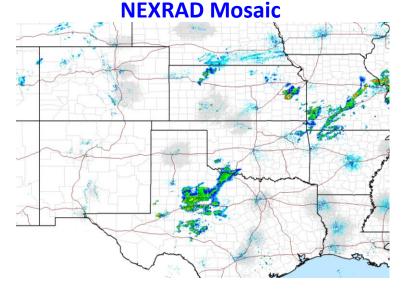
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



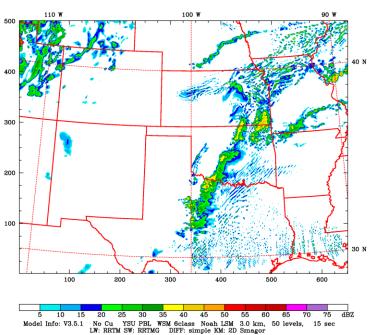
ARW 5-h forecast v17Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



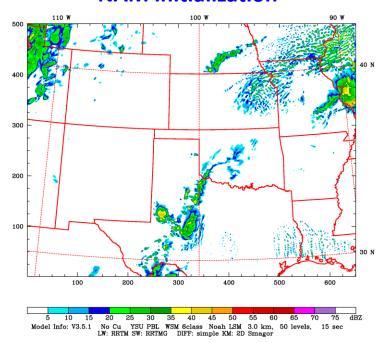
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 6.00 h Max Reflectivity

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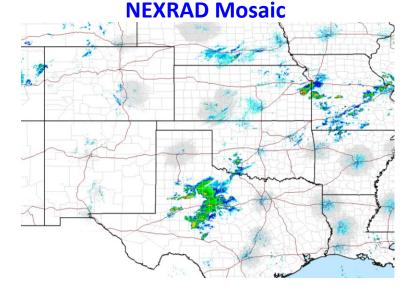
#### **GFS** initialization

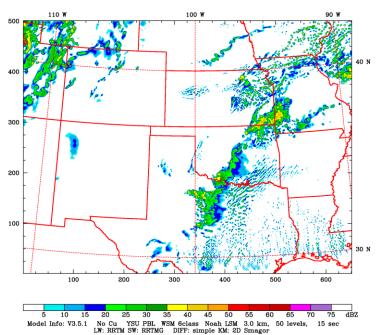


#### **NAM** initialization

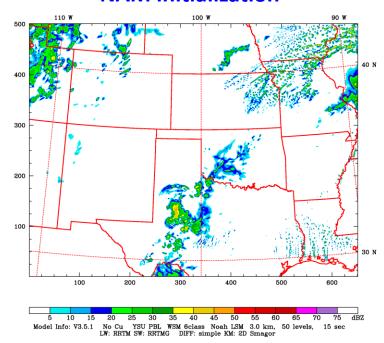


ARW 6-h forecast v18Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

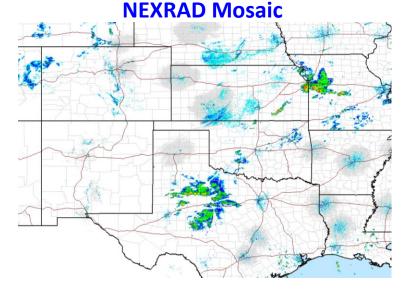




#### **NAM** initialization



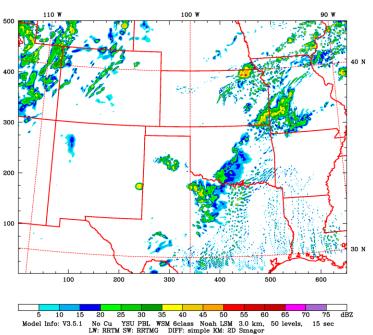
ARW 7-h forecast v19Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



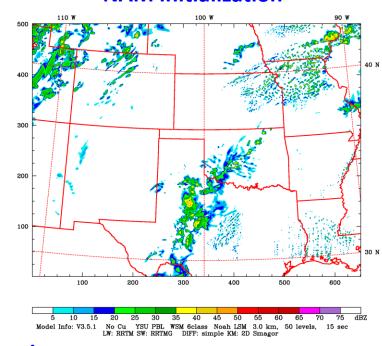
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 8.00 h Max Reflectivity

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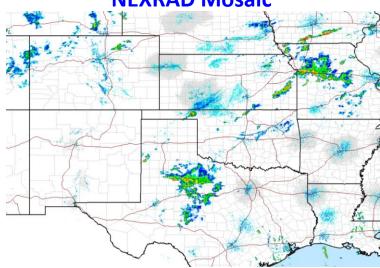
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



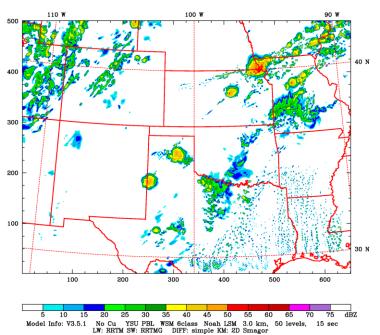
**ARW 8-h forecast** v20Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



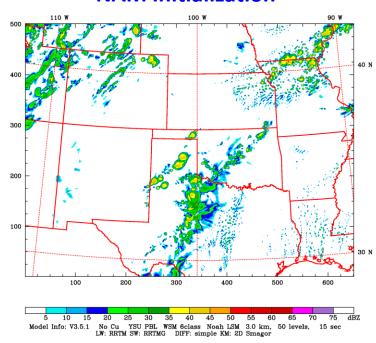
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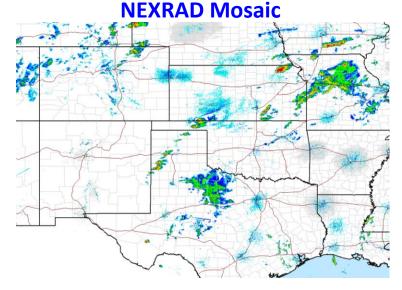
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



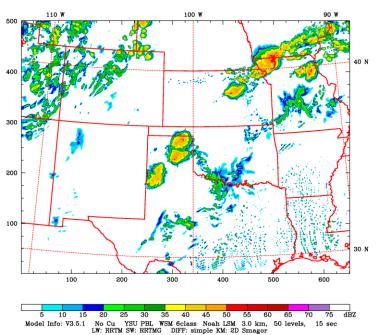
ARW 9-h forecast v21Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



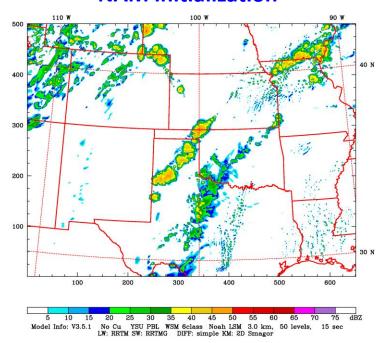
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 10.00 h Max Reflectivity

Init: 1200 UTC Tue 28 May 13 Valid: 2200 UTC Tue 28 May 13 (1700 CDT Tue 28 May 13)

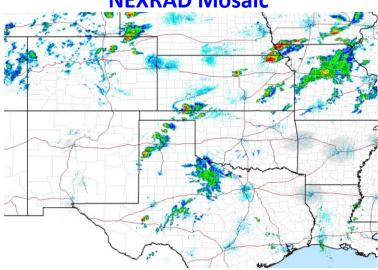
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



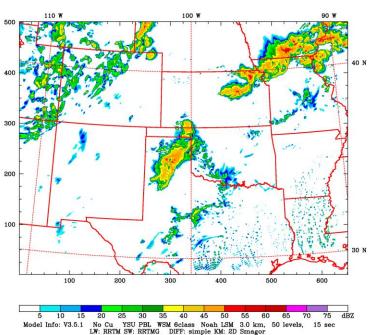
**ARW 10-h forecast** v22Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



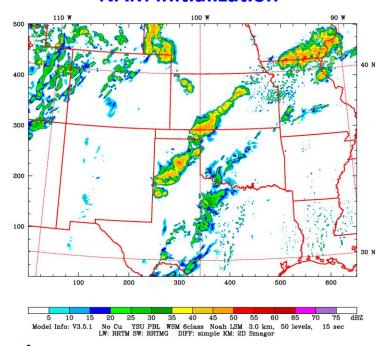
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 11.00 h Max Reflectivity

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Init:~1200~UTC~Tue~28~May~13} \\ {\rm Valid:~2300~UTC~Tue~28~May~13} \end{array}$ 

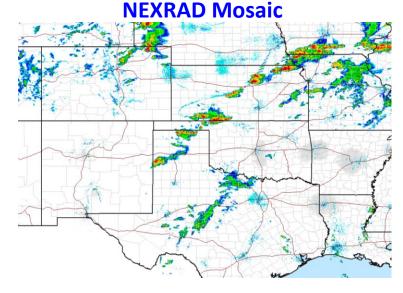
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization



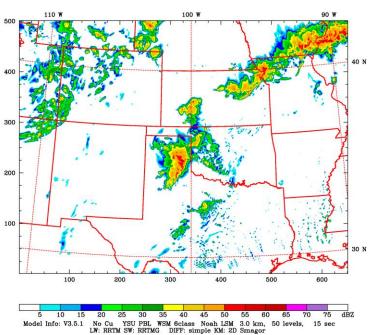
ARW 11-h forecast v23Z/28 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



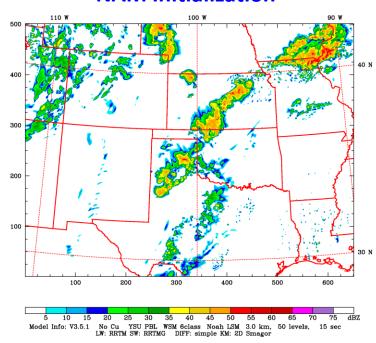
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 12.00 h Max Reflectivity

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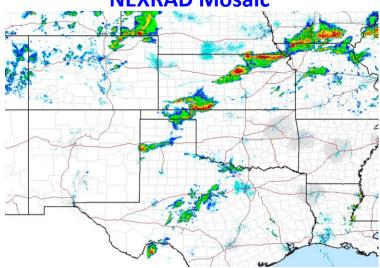
#### **GFS** initialization

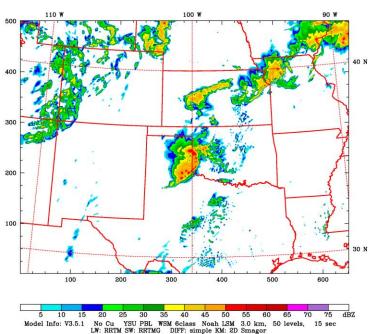


#### **NAM** initialization

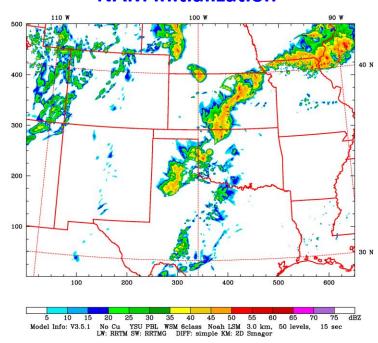


**ARW 12-h forecast** v00Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

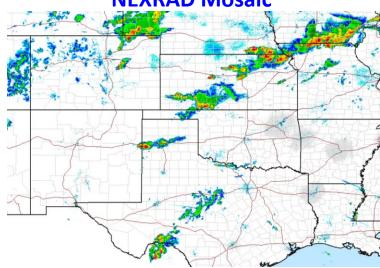




#### **NAM** initialization



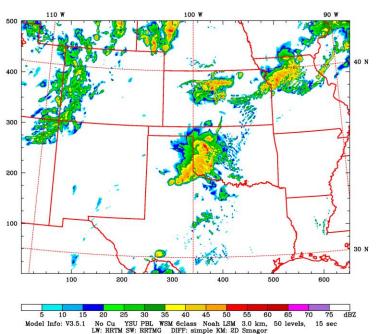
ARW 13-h forecast v01Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



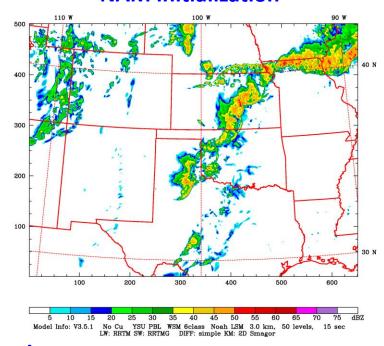
Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 14.00 h Max Reflectivity

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#### **GFS** initialization

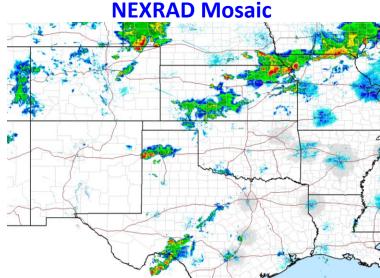


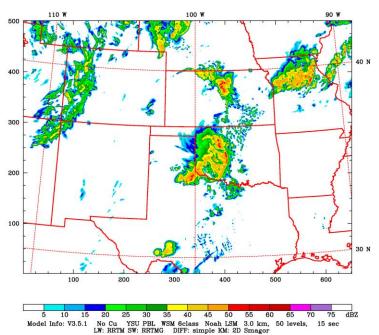
#### **NAM** initialization



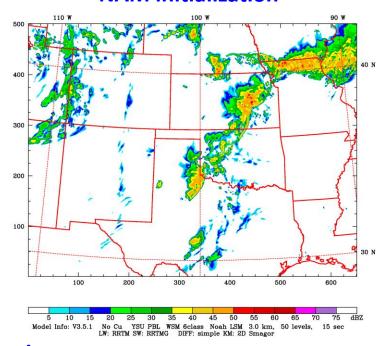
ARW 14-h forecast

v02Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

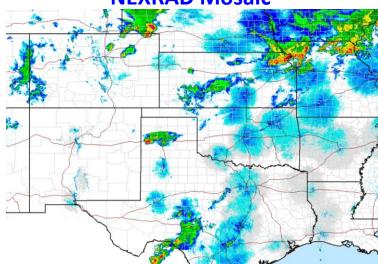


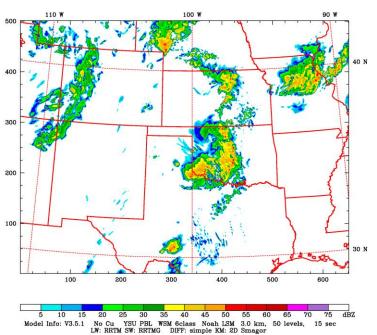


#### **NAM** initialization

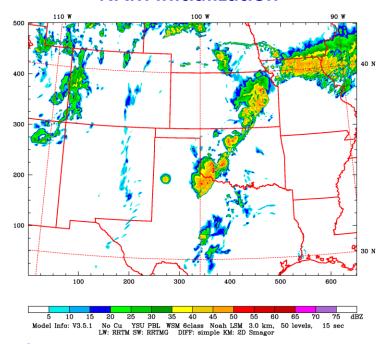


ARW 15-h forecast v03Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

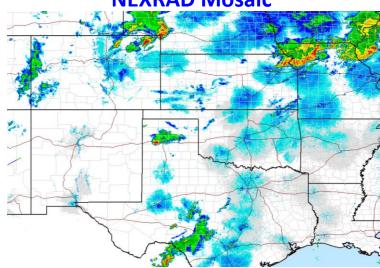


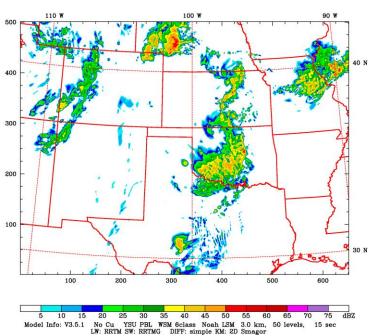


#### **NAM** initialization

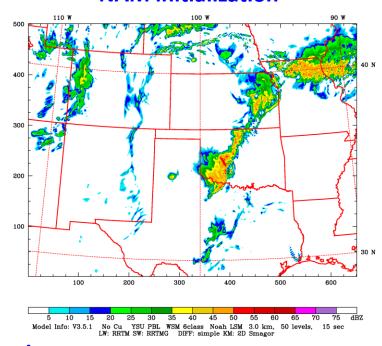


ARW 16-h forecast v04Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

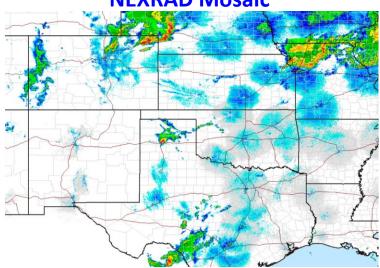




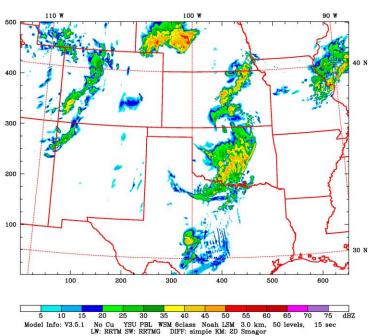
#### **NAM** initialization



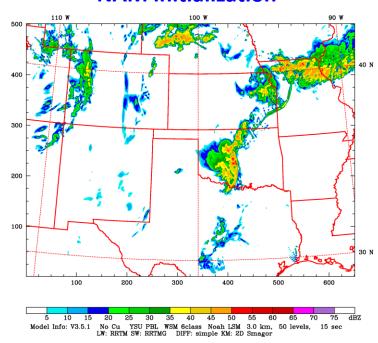
ARW 17-h forecast v05Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



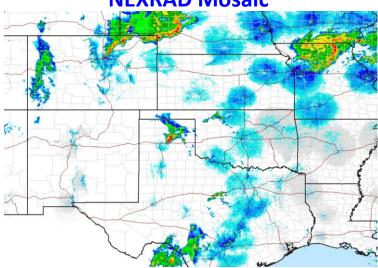
#### **GFS** initialization



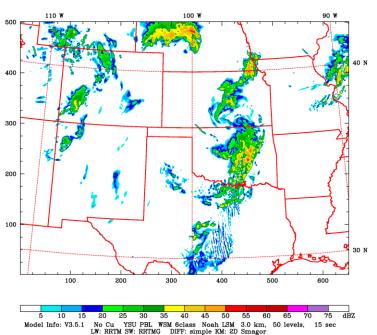
#### **NAM** initialization



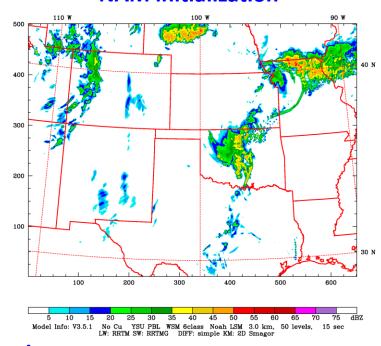
ARW 18-h forecast v06Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



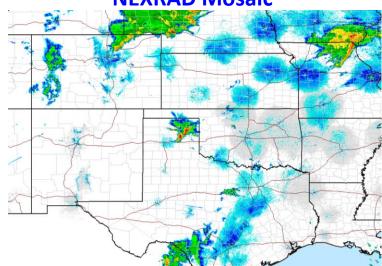
#### **GFS** initialization



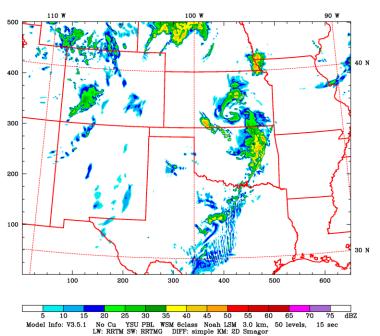
#### **NAM** initialization



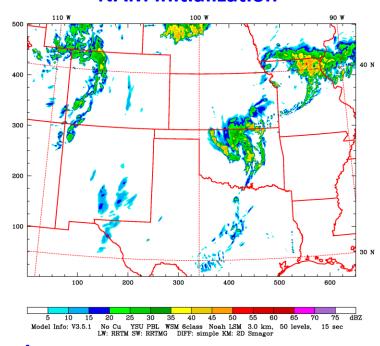
ARW 19-h forecast v07Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



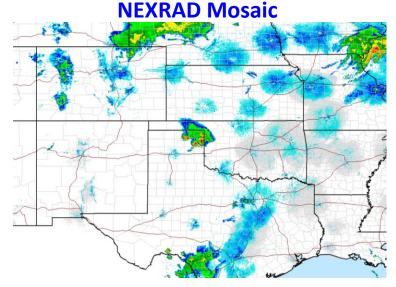
#### **GFS** initialization

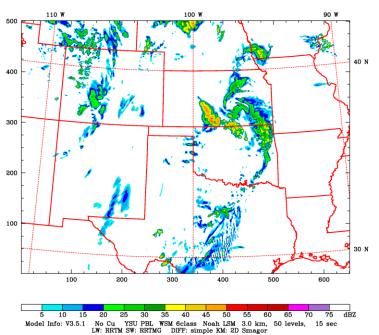


#### **NAM** initialization

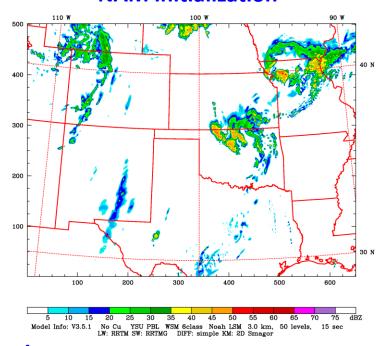


ARW 20-h forecast v08Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

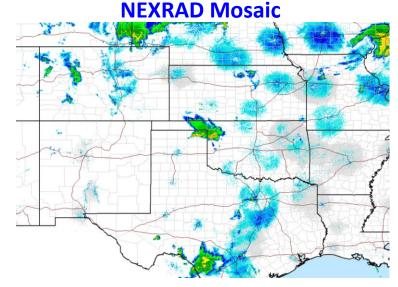




#### **NAM** initialization

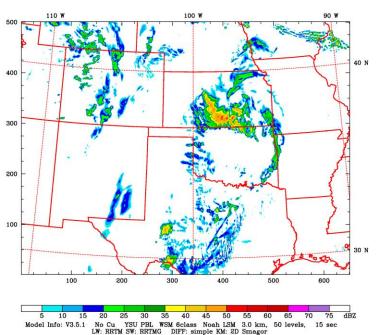


ARW 21-h forecast v09Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

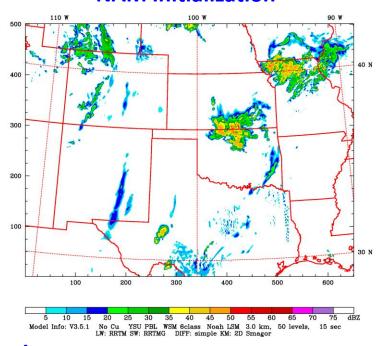


Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 22.00 h Init: 1200 UTC Tue 28 May 13 Valid: 1000 UTC Wed 29 May 13 (0500 CDT Wed 29 May 13) Max Reflectivity

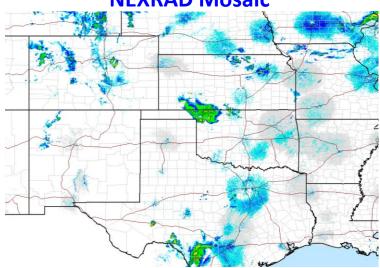
#### **GFS** initialization



#### **NAM** initialization

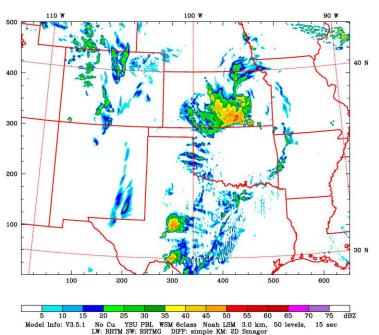


**ARW 22-h forecast** v10Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

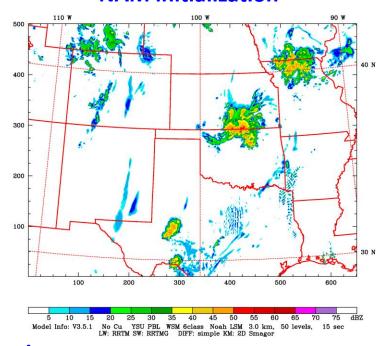


Dataset: nam RIP: reflect Fcst: 23.00 h Init: 1200 UTC Tue 28 May 13 Valid: 1100 UTC Wed 29 May 13 (0600 CDT Wed 29 May 13) Max Reflectivity

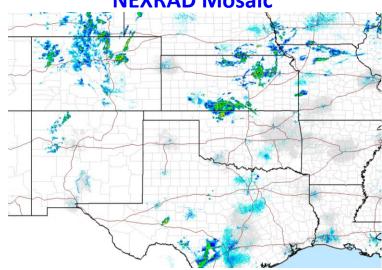
#### **GFS** initialization



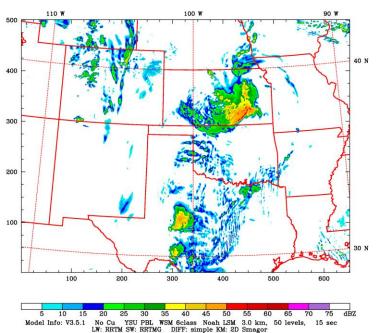
#### **NAM** initialization



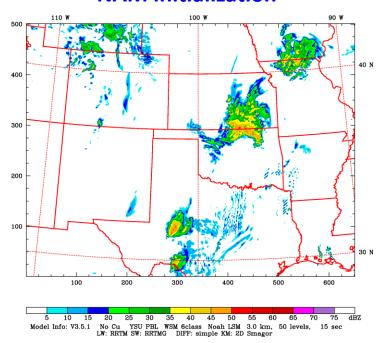
**ARW 23-h forecast** v11Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013



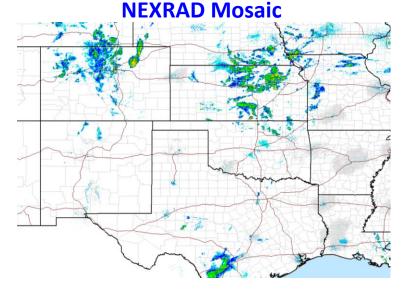
#### **GFS** initialization



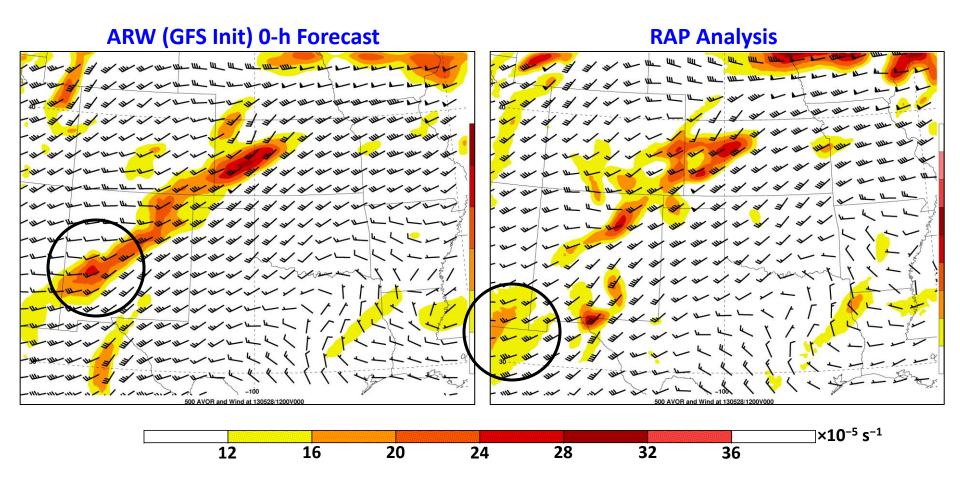
#### **NAM** initialization



ARW 24-h forecast v12Z/29 May 2013 i12Z/28 May 2013

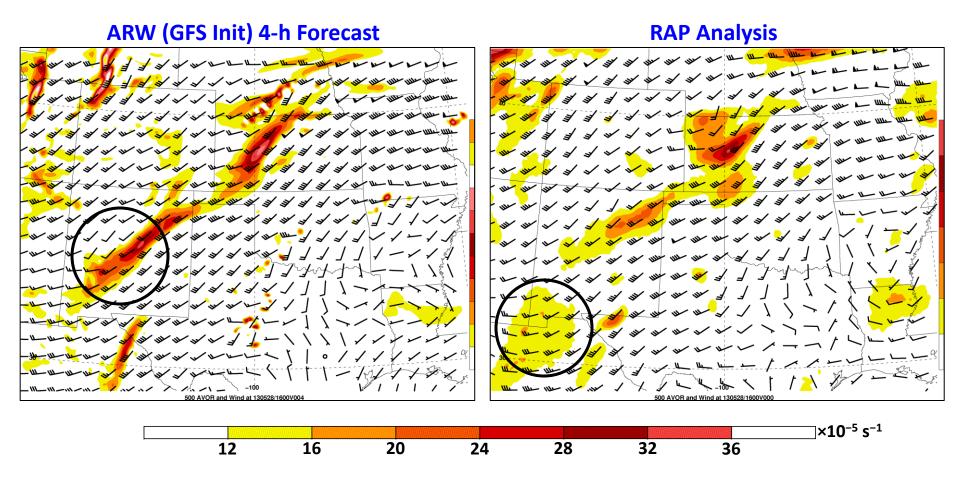


## 500 hPa ζ+f and Wind at 12Z/28 May 2013

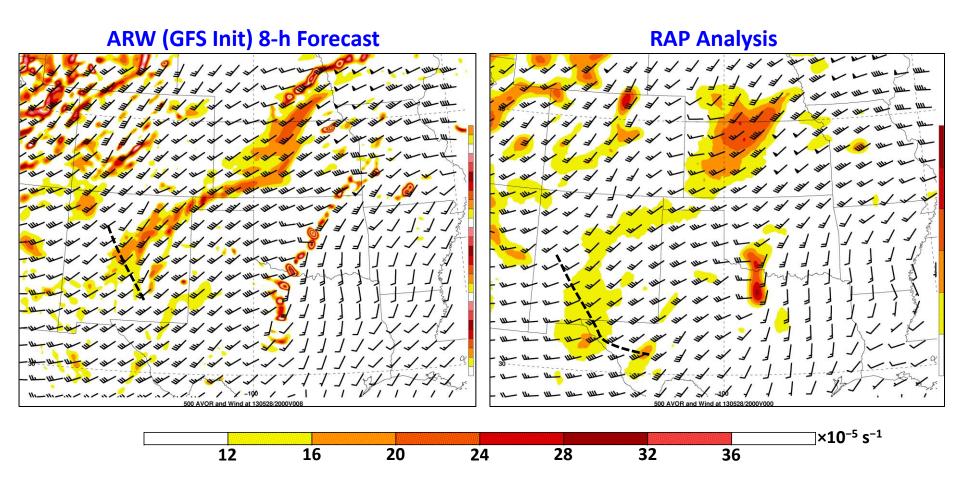


- Differences in trough structure over New Mexico
- Southwest end of vorticity filament over Mexico absent in ARW

### 500 hPa ζ+f and Wind at 16Z/28 May 2013

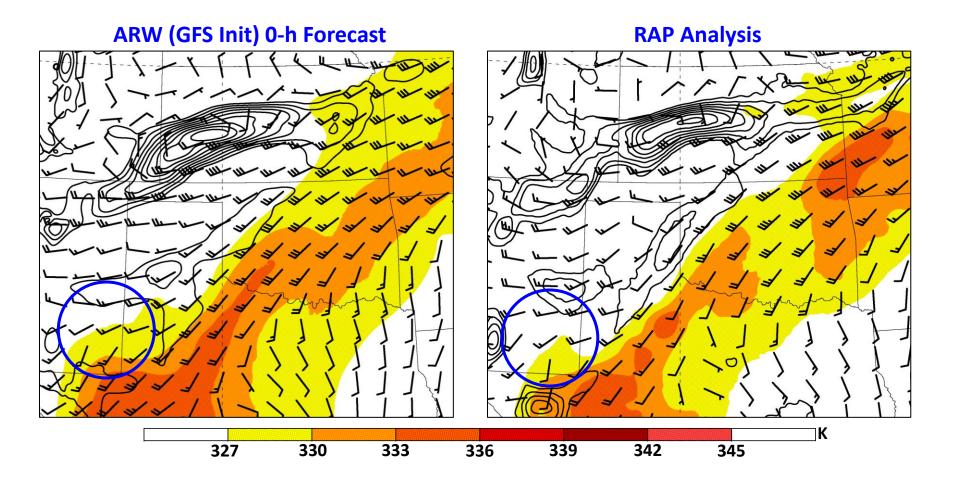


## 500 hPa ζ+f and Wind at 20Z/28 May 2013



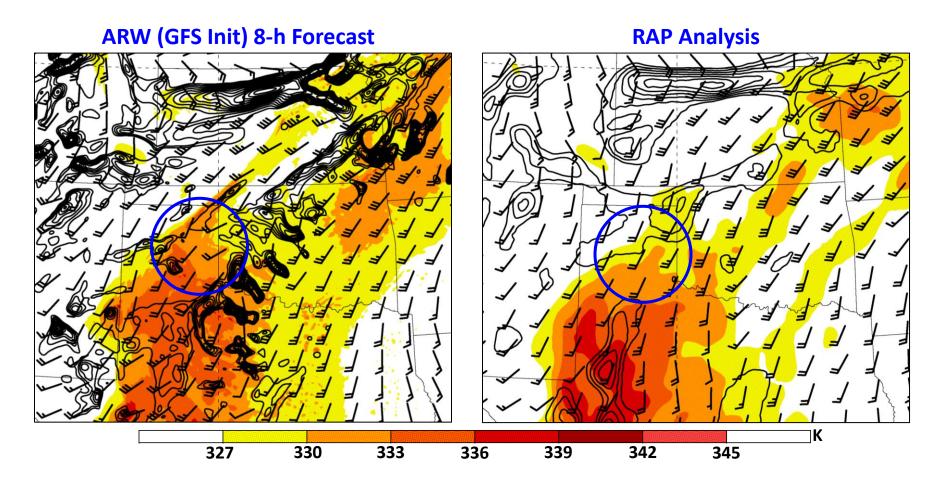
- Disturbance farther south in RAP analysis
- Flow more SW over TX Panhandle in ARW

# 800–400 hPa Mean $\theta_e$ , and 700 hPa Wind and $\zeta$ at 12Z/28 May 2013



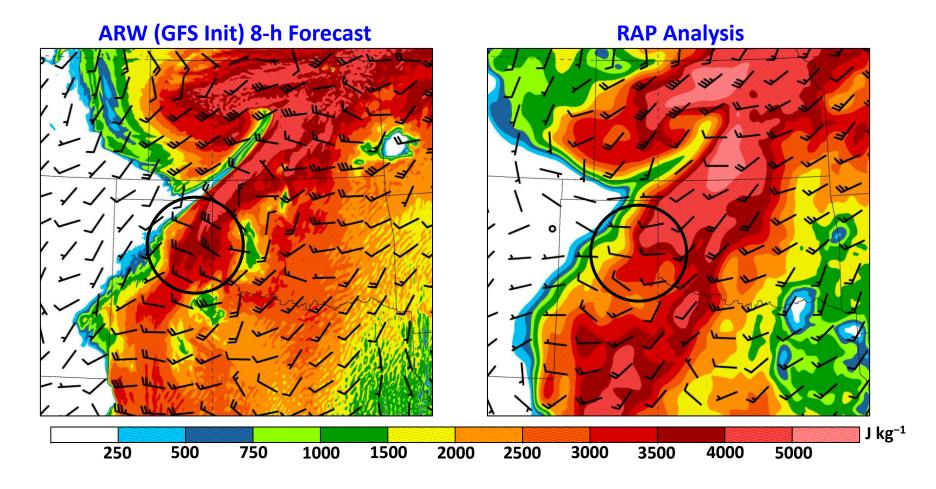
• Midlevel  $\theta_e \ge 3$  K too high in ARW

# 800–400 hPa Mean $\theta_e$ , and 700 hPa Wind and $\zeta$ at 20Z/28 May 2013



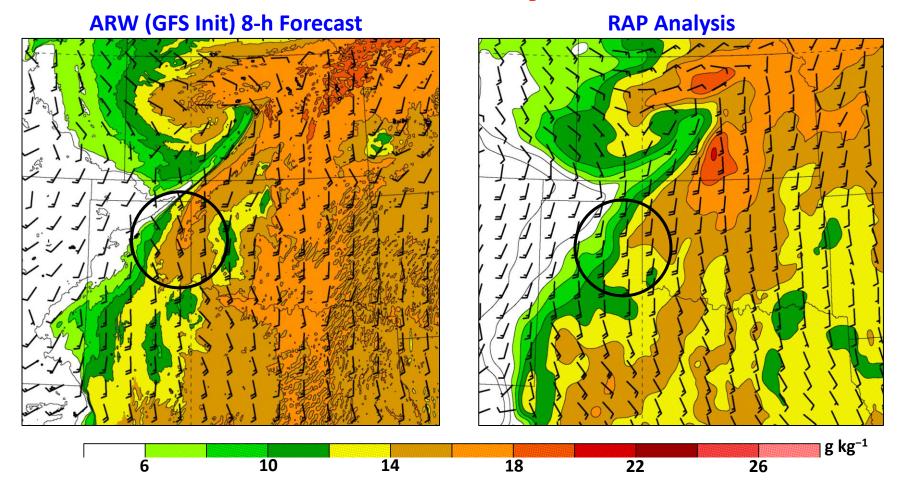
- Midlevel  $\theta_e \ge 3$  K too high in ARW over TX Panhandle prior to initiation
- Flow is more SW in ARW → impact on vertical shear?
- Flow stronger in NM in ARW → signature of triggering wave?

## CAPE and SFC-700 hPa Wind Shear at 20Z/28 May 2013



- CAPE comparable between ARW and RAP
- Vertical shear much stronger in ARW!

## Surface Wind and Mixing Ratio at 20Z/28 May 2013



- Surface more moist and flow is backed to southeasterly
- Response to upper wave over NM in ARW?

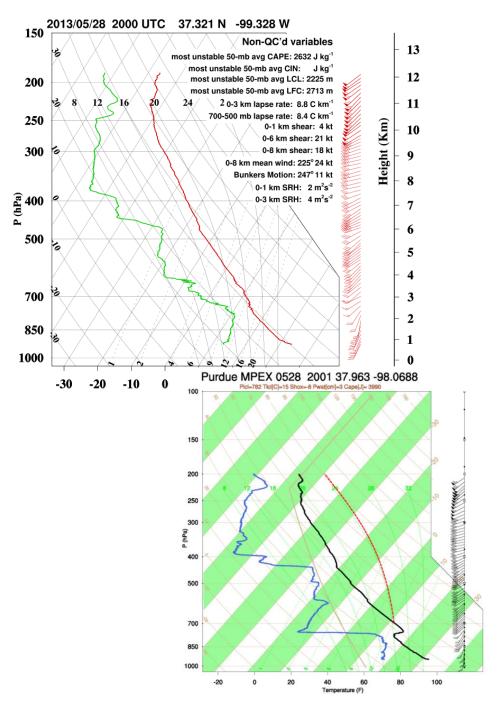
## Summary

- GFS analyses too moist over west Texas/east New Mexico in region marked as sensitive in ensemble analysis
- Moist airmass moved to TX Panhandle by initiation time (~20Z)
- GFS analyses did not capture southwest end of vorticity streamer over northern Mexico
- Convective initiation in ARW forecasts was accurate; but convection overdeveloped in forecast
  - Higher vertical shear and deeper moisture in ARW, problems that originated in the GFS analyses

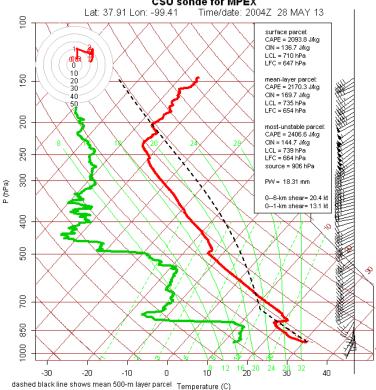
### **Final Comments**

- Dropsondes revealed that the operational GFS analysis:
  - was too moist over west Texas and east New Mexico
  - had weaker horizontal shear near vorticity streamer
- Dropsondes probably not useful for addressing analysis issues with southern end of vorticity streamer over Mexico
- Convective forecasts for southern Plains region may always have problems; even if dropsonde obs can identify persistent moisture errors in operational analysis, how do we deal systems over northern Mexico

## Extra slides



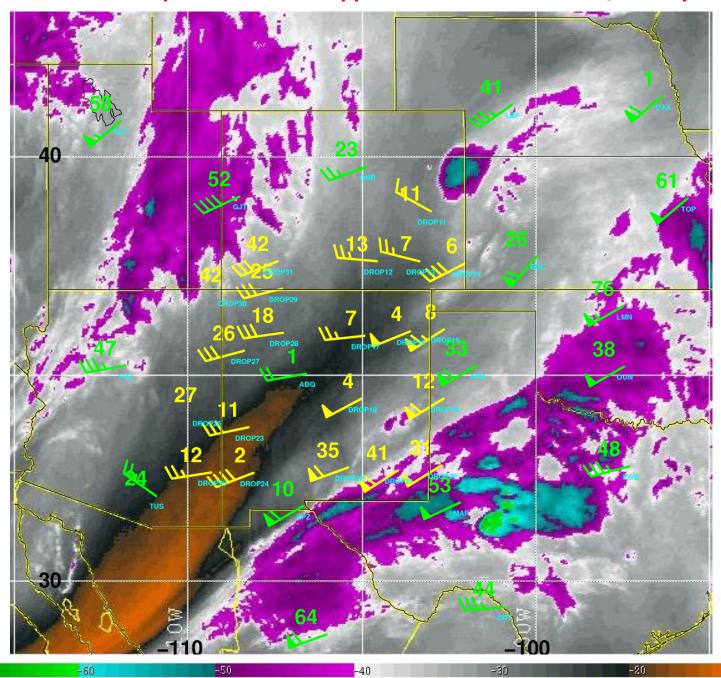
#### **CSU sonde for MPEX**



#### GOES-15 Water Vapor and 300 mb Upper-Air Observations: 12Z/28 May 2013



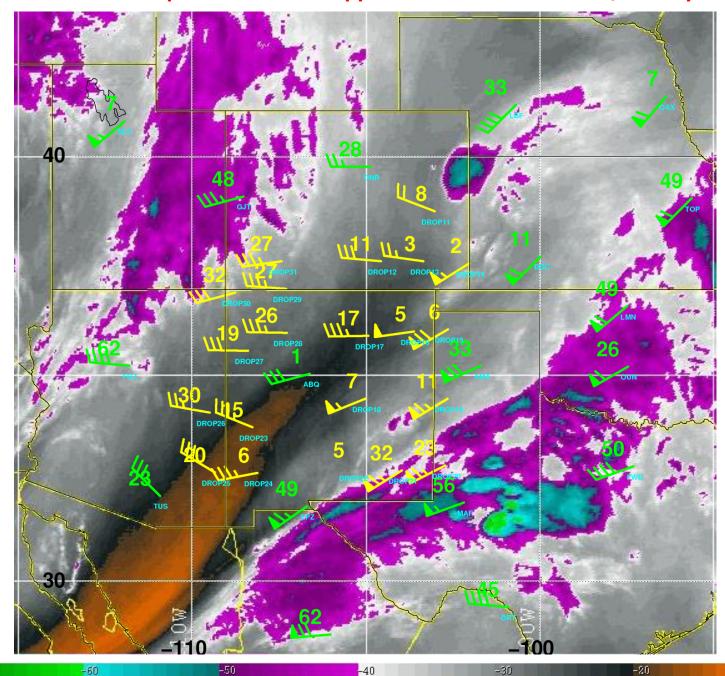
%RH



### GOES-15 Water Vapor and 250 mb Upper-Air Observations: 12Z/28 May 2013



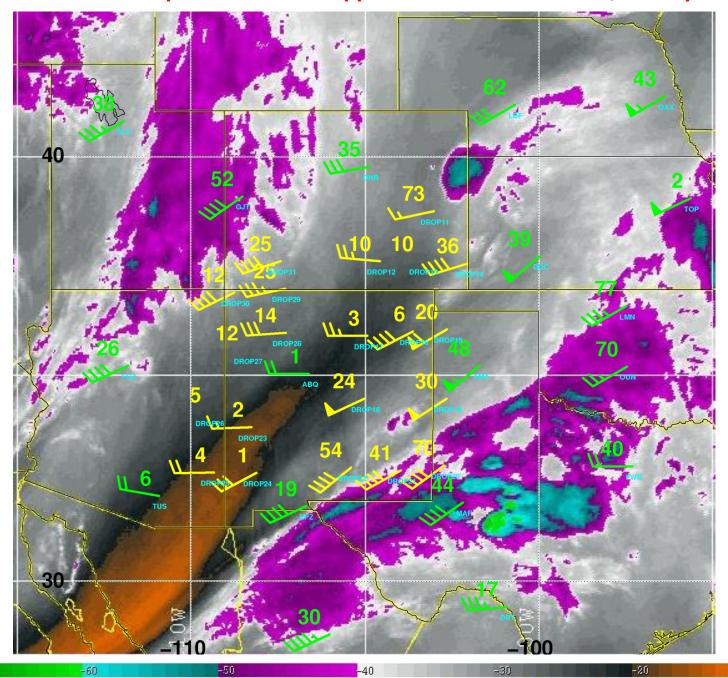
%RH



### GOES-15 Water Vapor and 400 mb Upper-Air Observations: 12Z/28 May 2013



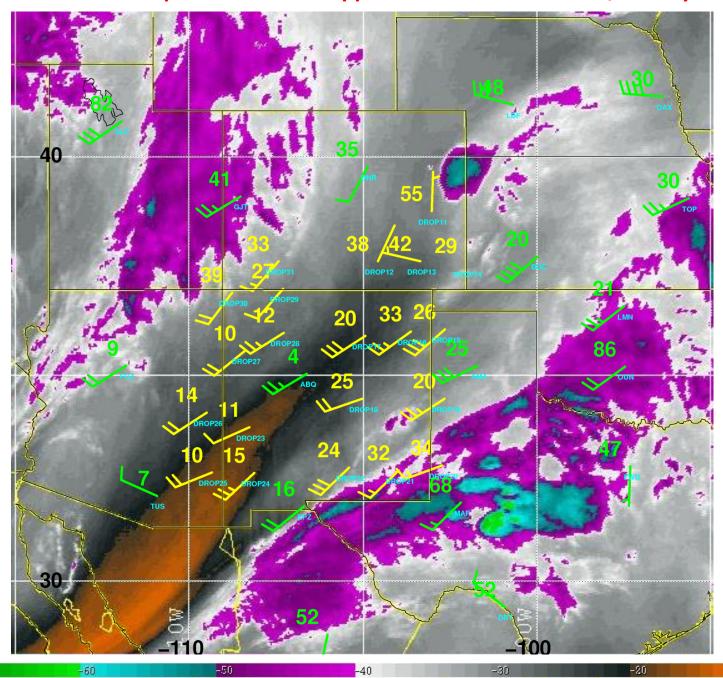
%RH



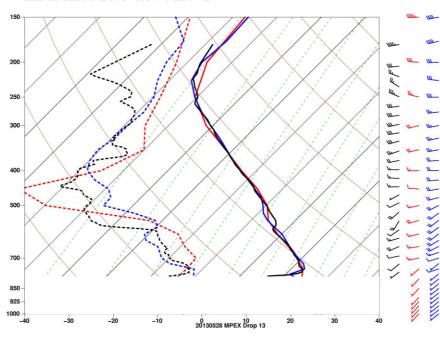
### GOES-15 Water Vapor and 600 mb Upper-Air Observations: 12Z/28 May 2013



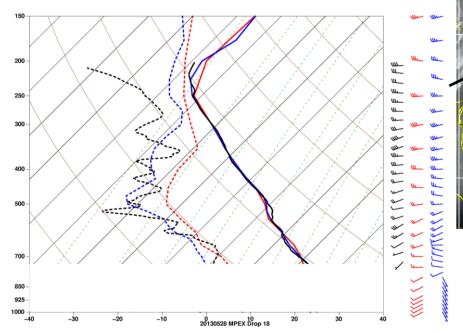
%RH



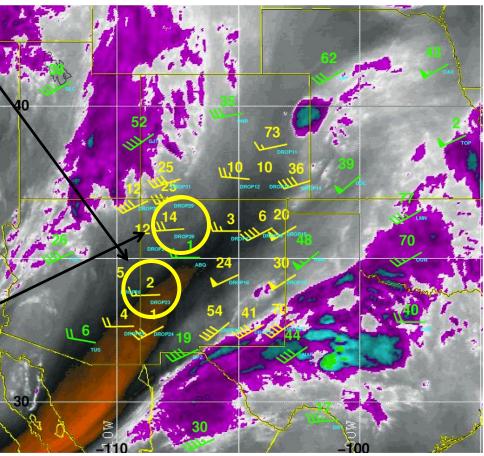
130528/1200 700023 DROP23 CAPE: 0 SLAT: 34 SLON: -108





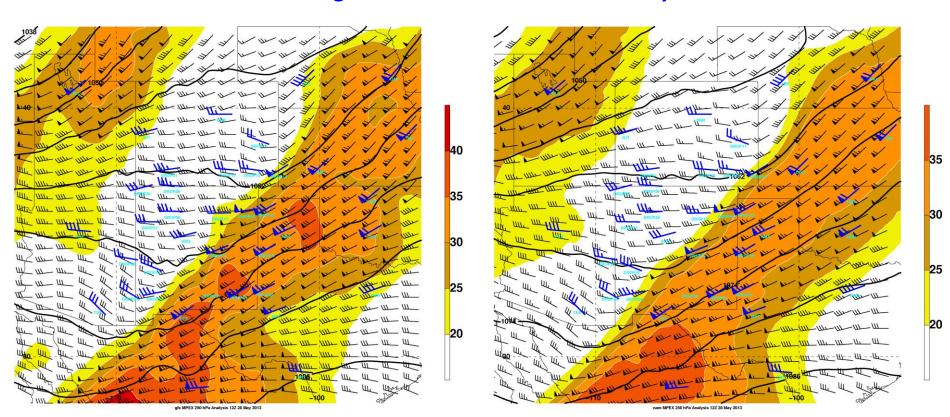


#### GOES-15 WV and 400 hPa RH and wind



## **Dropsondes and Model Analyses**

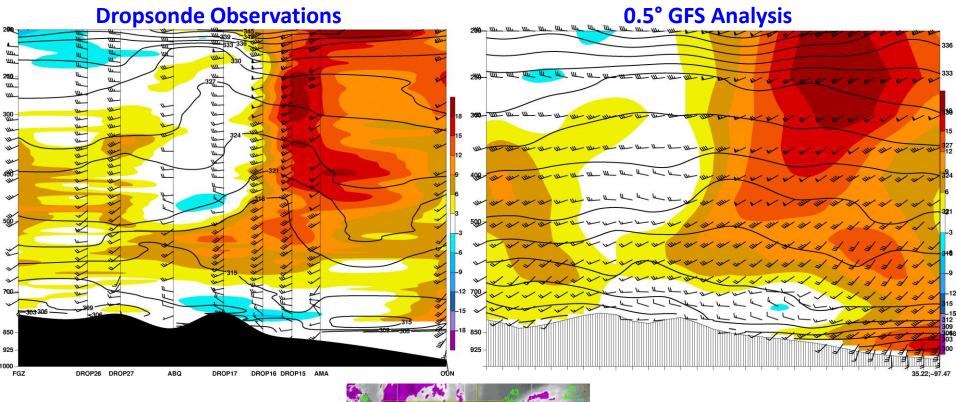
250 hPa Height and Wind at 1200 UTC 28 May 2013

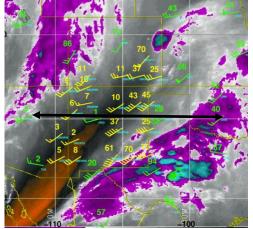


0.5° GFS Analysis

12 km NAM Analysis

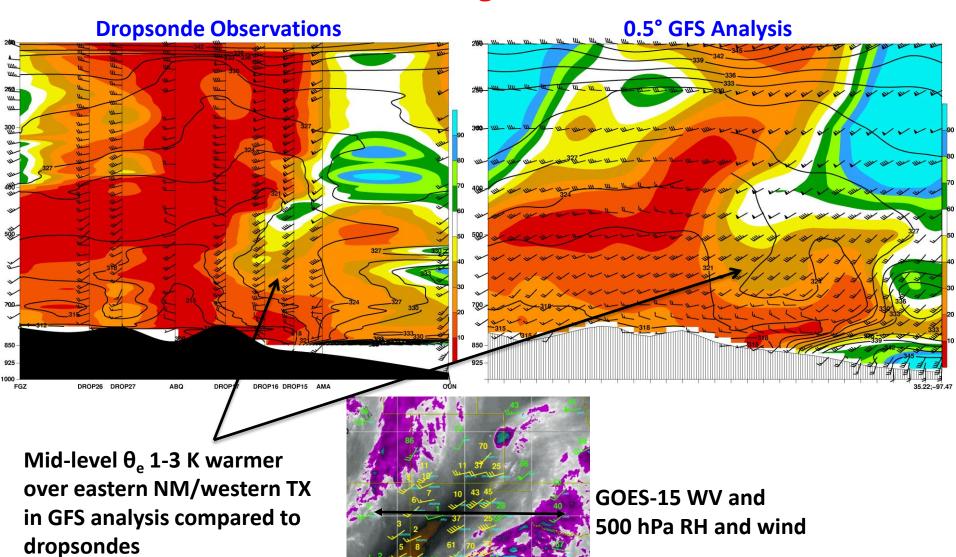
### **Cross Sections: θ and Wind at 12Z/28**



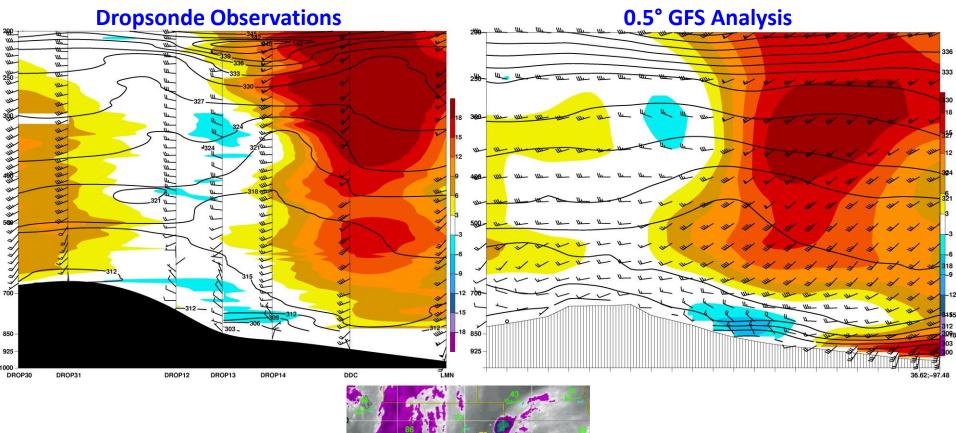


GOES-15 WV and 500 hPa RH and wind

### Cross Sections: RH, $\theta_e$ and Wind at 12Z/28



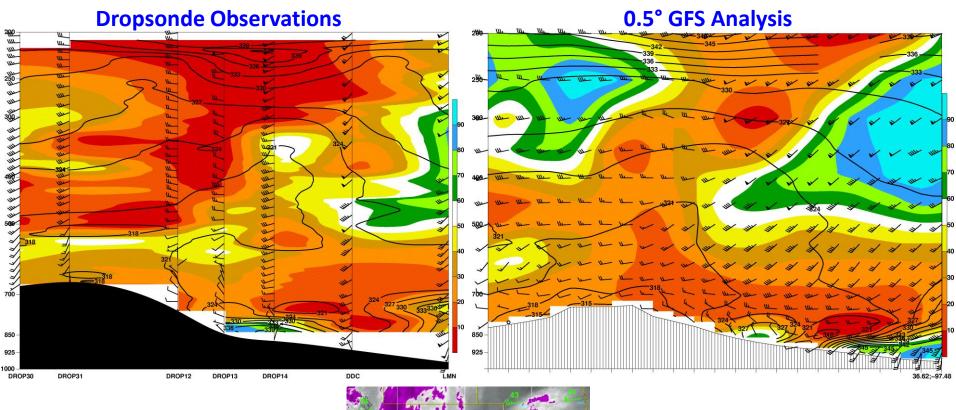
### **Cross Sections: θ and Wind at 12Z/28**

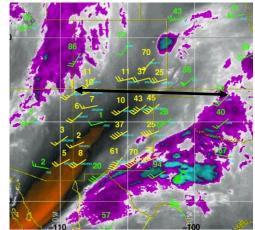




GOES-15 WV and 500 hPa RH and wind

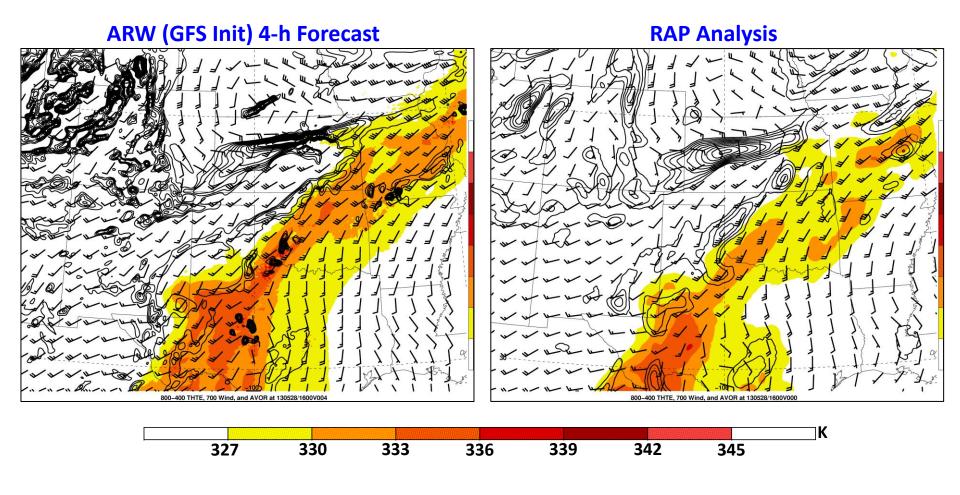
### Cross Sections: RH, $\theta_e$ and Wind at 12Z/28



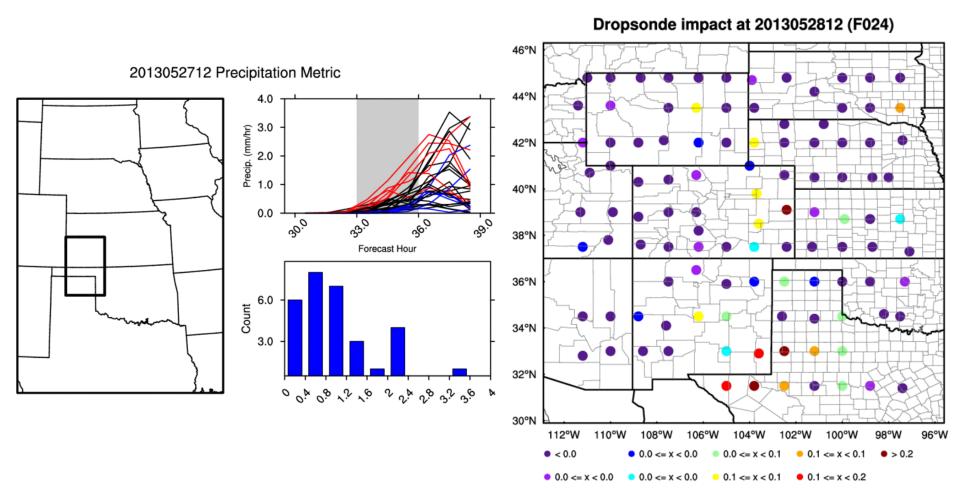


GOES-15 WV and 500 hPa RH and wind

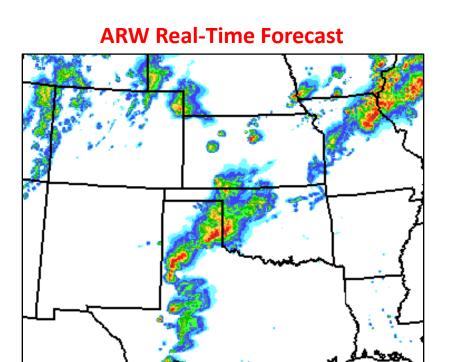
# 800–400 hPa Mean $\theta_e$ , and 700 hPa Wind and $\zeta$ at 16Z/28 May 2013



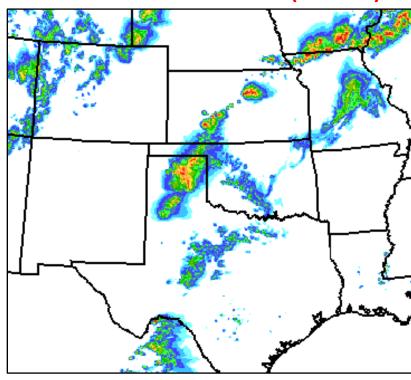
### **Ensemble Sensitivity: 12Z/27 May Init**



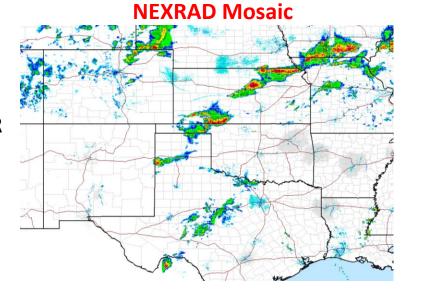
 Goal of morning mission was to sample upper-level vorticity features and mid-tropospheric moisture over New Mexico



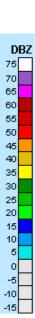
#### **ARW Real-Time Forecast (GFS init)**



Hi-res guidance from NCAR Initialized at 12Z/28 May

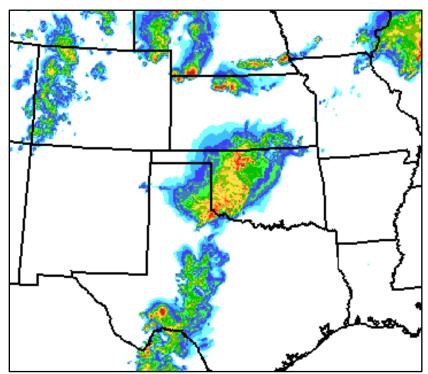


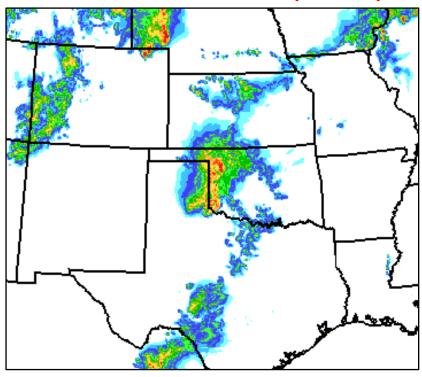
12-h forecast v00Z/29 May 2013



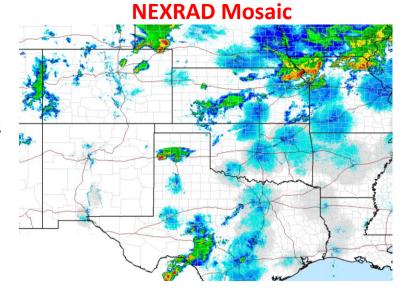
#### **ARW Real-Time Forecast**

#### **ARW Real-Time Forecast (GFS init)**





### **Hi-res guidance from NCAR** Initialized at 12Z/28 May



15-h forecast v03Z/29 May 2013

