

Integrating Atmospheric Observations of ITOP in a High-Resolution Mesoscale Model Based on EnKF Data Assimilation

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ITOP Workshop (May 18, 2011)

Sorry for not being to attend the workshop...

Outline

- Data from DOTSTAR, C130 in ITOP
- EnKF data assimilation and analyses
- Results in Typhoon Fanapi (2010)
- Ongoing works and challenging issues

Acknowledging collaborators in **DOTSTAR** and **ITOP**
Grants: **ONR, NSC, CWB**



Internal wave and Typhoon-Ocean interaction Project in the Western North Pacific and Neighboring Seas (ITOP, 2010)



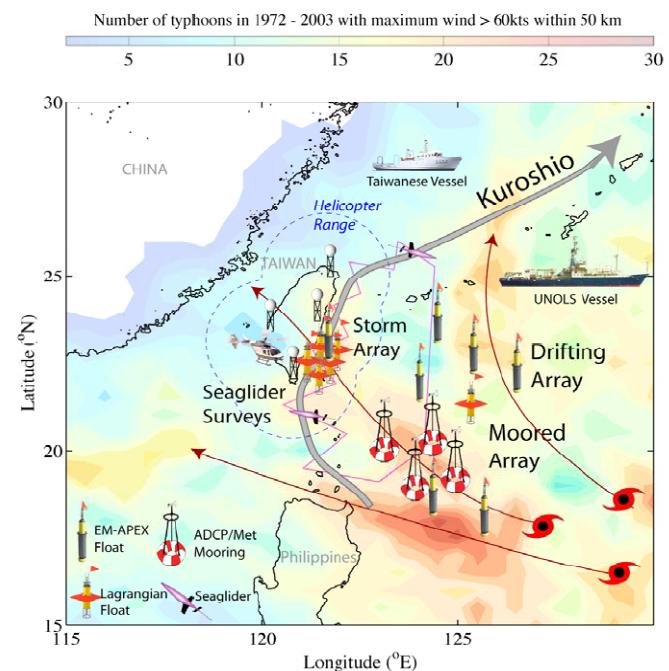
ITOP planning meeting,
Taipei, 2008

International
collaboration:
Taiwan
US
Japan

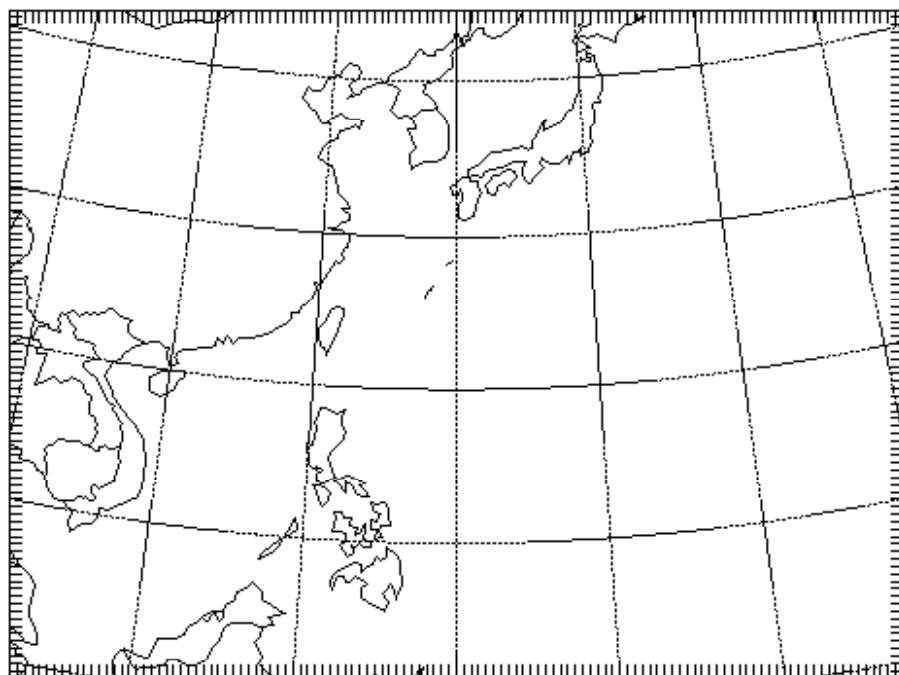


ITOP operation, Guam, 2010

- **DOTSTAR, TCS-10, and ITOP coordination**
- Investigation of the roles of **upper ocean thermal structures (eddies and/or wakes)** on typhoon-ocean interaction.
- Understanding the feedback of the typhoon-ocean interaction to typhoon **intensity and structure** evolution.
- Numerical simulation experiments (coupled model) with the T-PARC (and **TCS-10**) and **ITOP** data.



ITOP ensemble reanalysis based on EnKF (*ITOP_EnKF*)

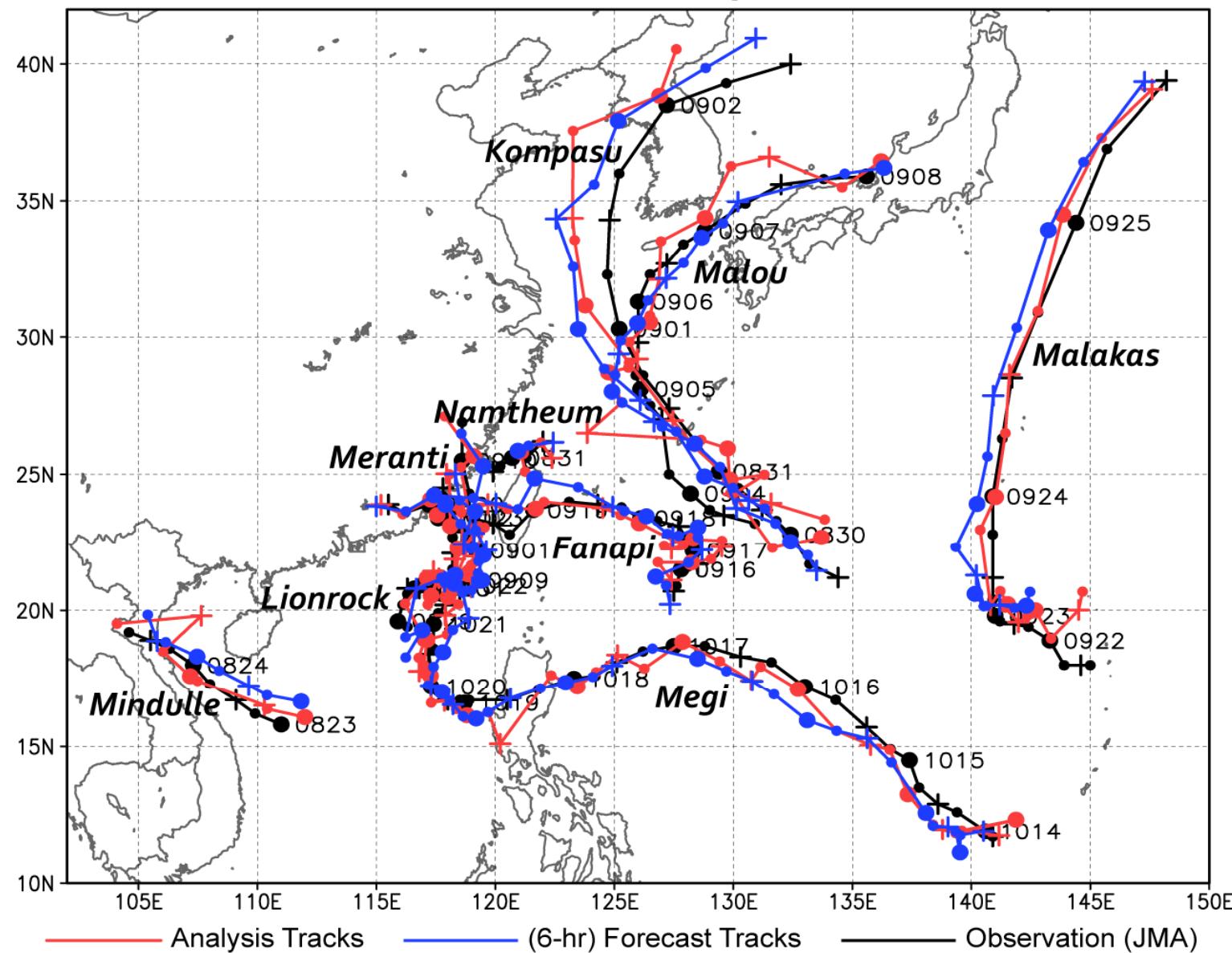


Model domain

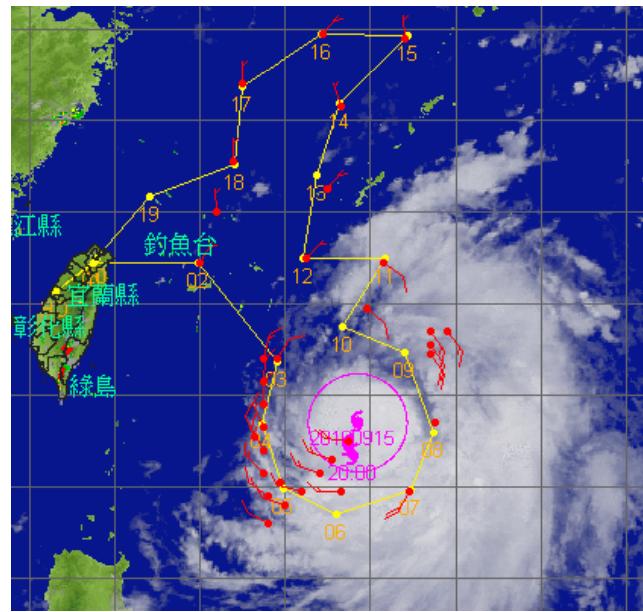
- 18 Aug. ~ 25 Oct. 2010
- 45 ensemble members
- Single domain: 121*91 grids with (coarse) 54-km resolution
- Initial ensemble generated from NCEP FNL at 1800 UTC 17 Aug.
- Boundary conditions are also from NCEP FNL over the whole analysis.
- 6-hour cycling assimilation
- Observations assimilated: radiosonde, dropwindsonde data, surface station data, cloud motion vectors, and aircraft reports.

ITOP ensemble reanalysis based on EnKF (*ITOP_EnKF*)

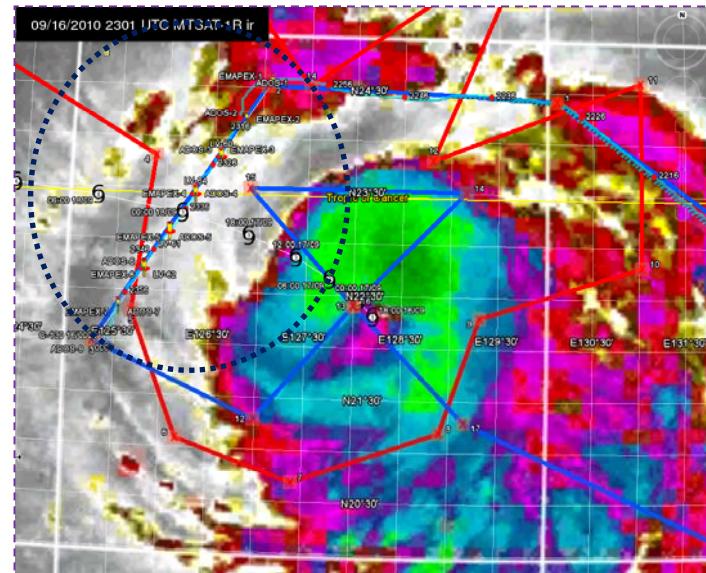
TC Tracks During ITOP



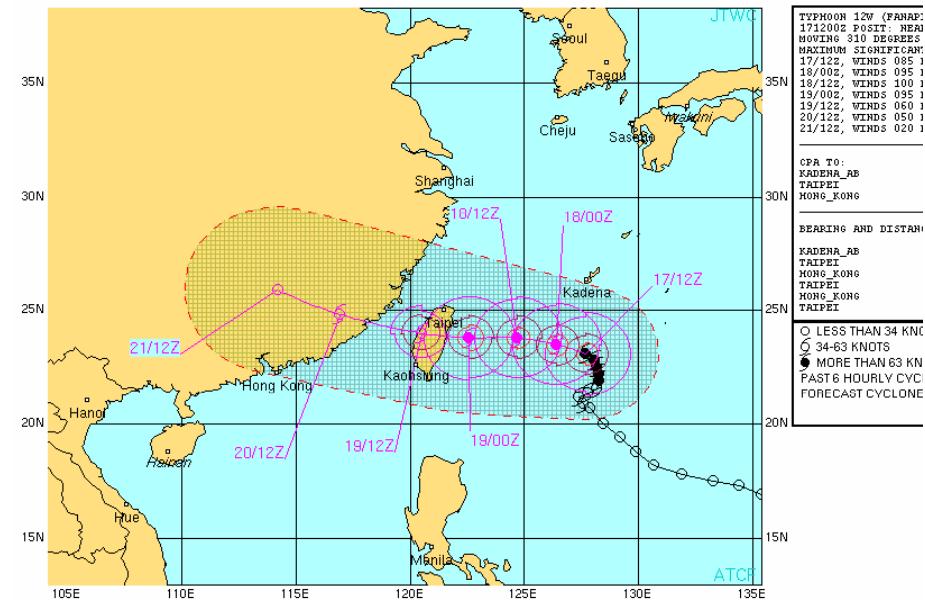
ITOP DOTSTAR/C130 joint observations: Fanapi (2010)



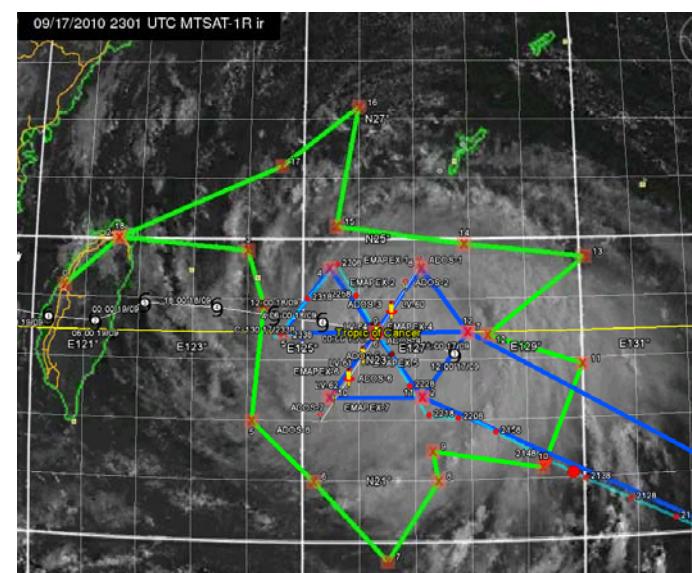
0000 UTC, Sept. 16th



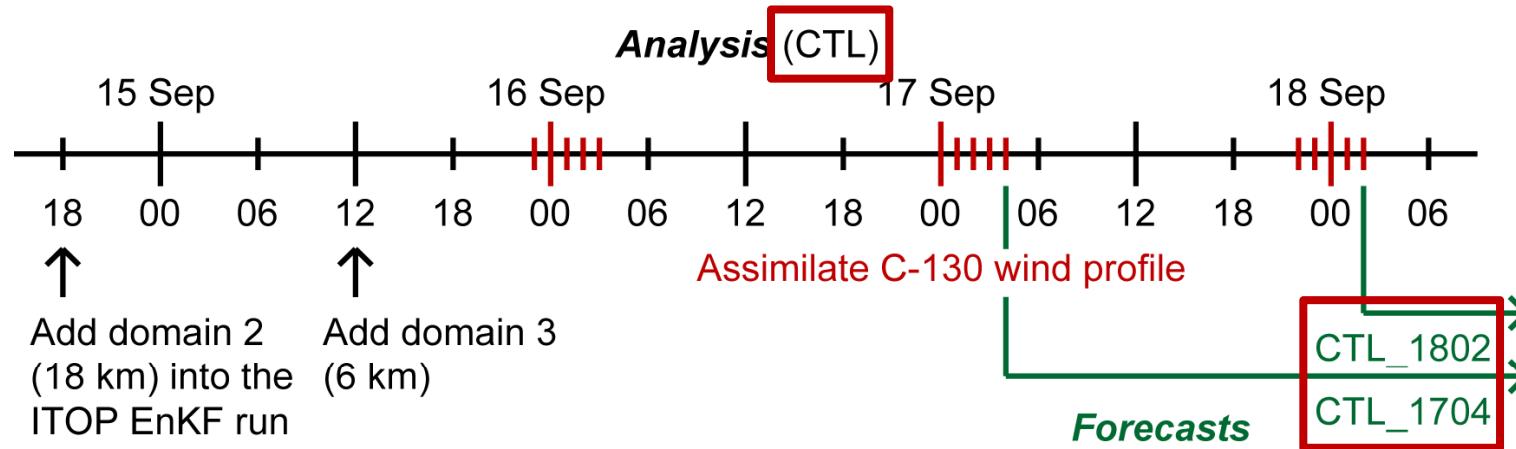
0000 UTC, Sept. 17th



0000 UTC, Sept. 18th



High-resolution analysis and forecast of Typhoon Fanapi

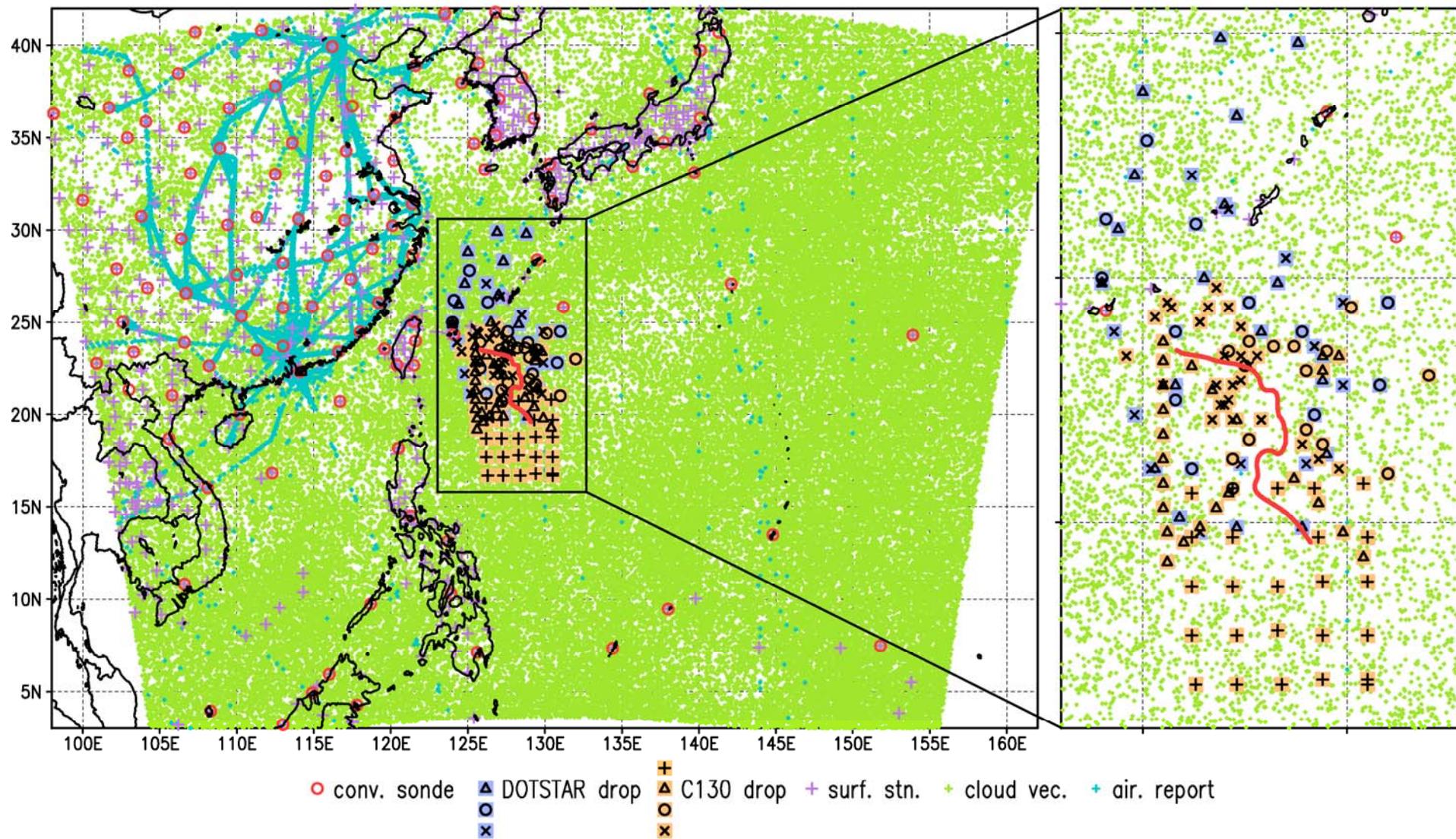


- 1-hour Cycling run from its genesis, initialized with low-resolution ITOP_EnKF run at 1800 UTC 14 Aug.
- Add two additional vortex-following domains (18- and 6-km resolutions).
- Use the same 45-member ensemble.
- Use the same data stream for assimilation, but also include few additional special parameters for TCs (methodology modified from Wu et al. 2010, 2011):
 - TC center position (every hour).
 - Minimum central SLP (every hour).
 - Azimuthal-mean 700-hPa tangential wind profile from 3 C130 missions (when available; using the same composite data for each one mission).

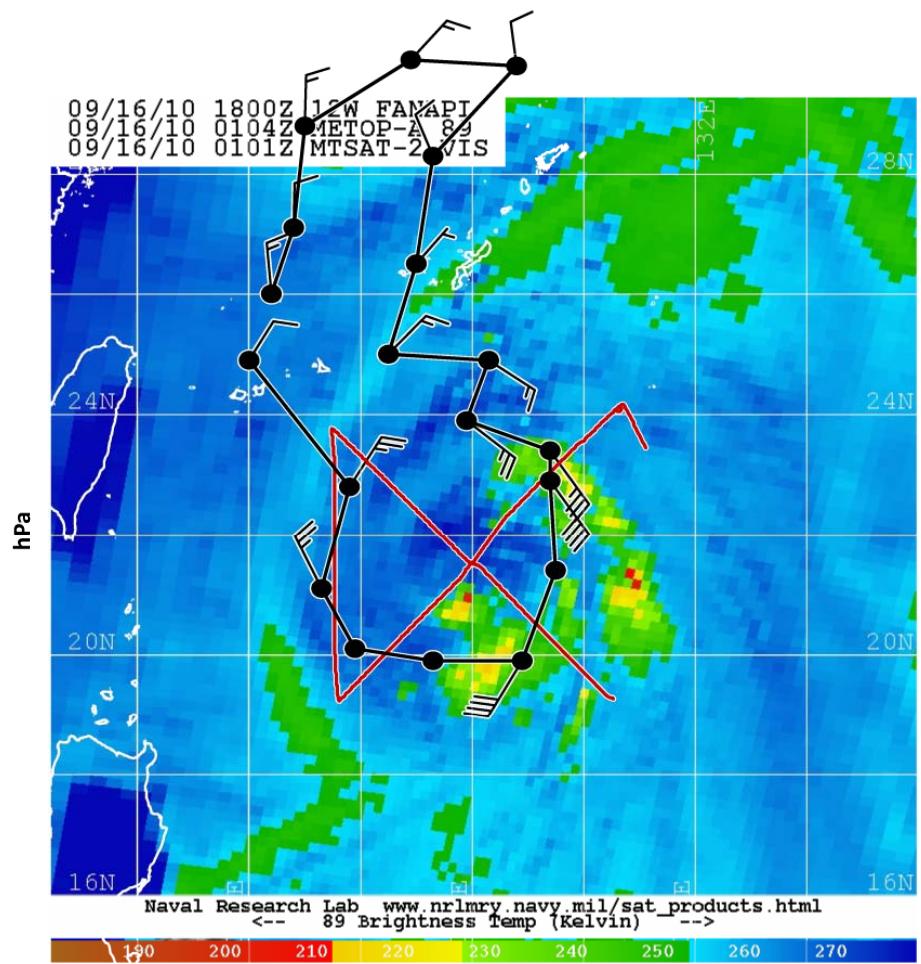
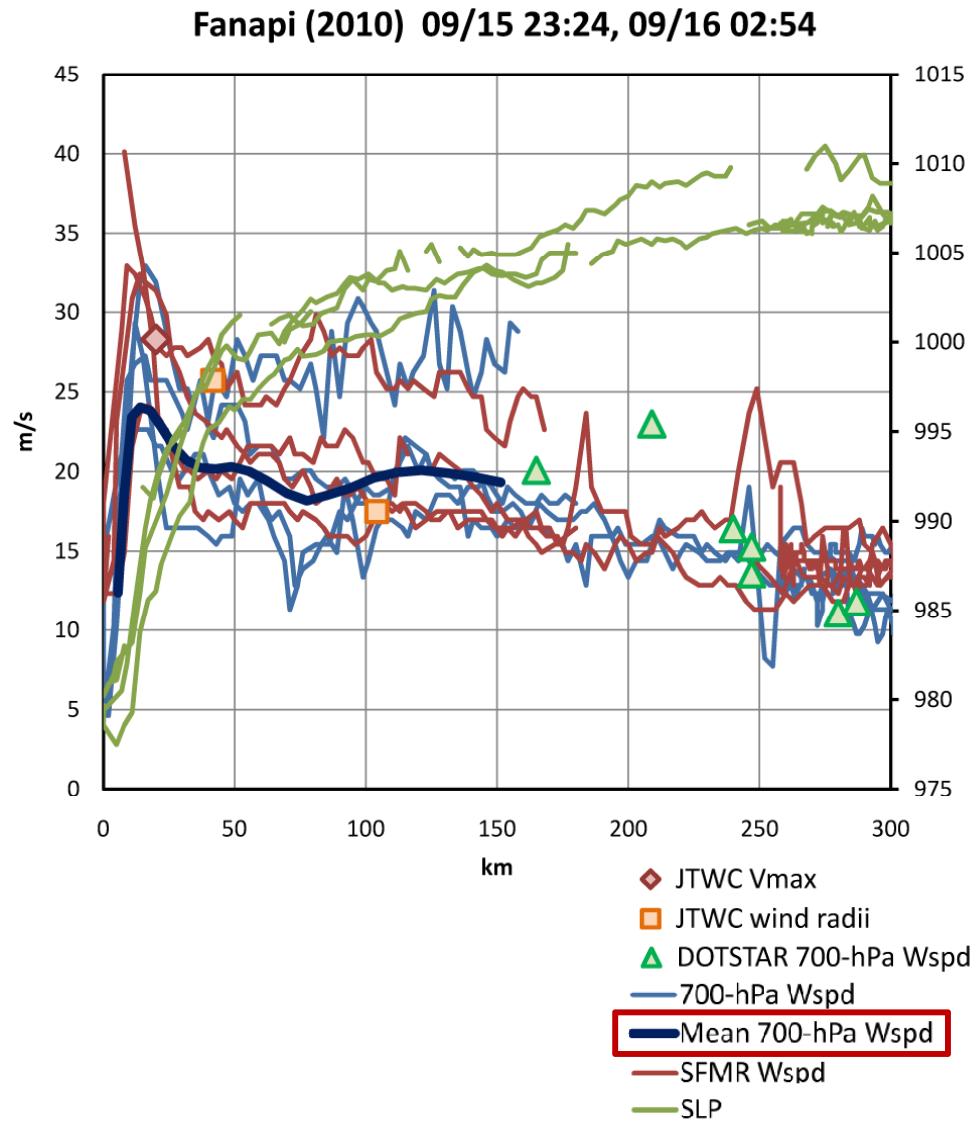
Data distribution in Fanapi

From 1730 UTC 14 August to 0230 UTC 18 August

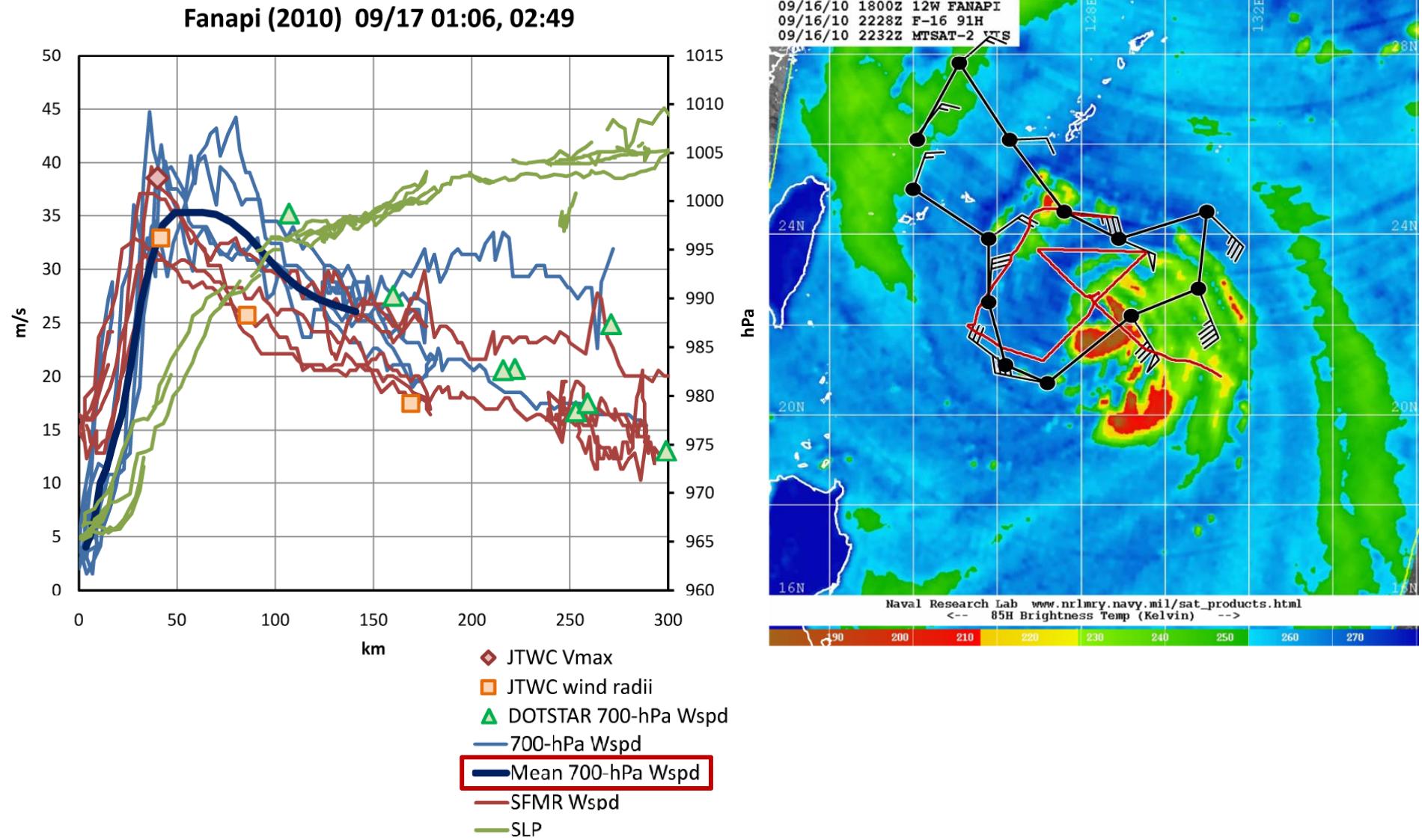
Spatial Distribution of Observations



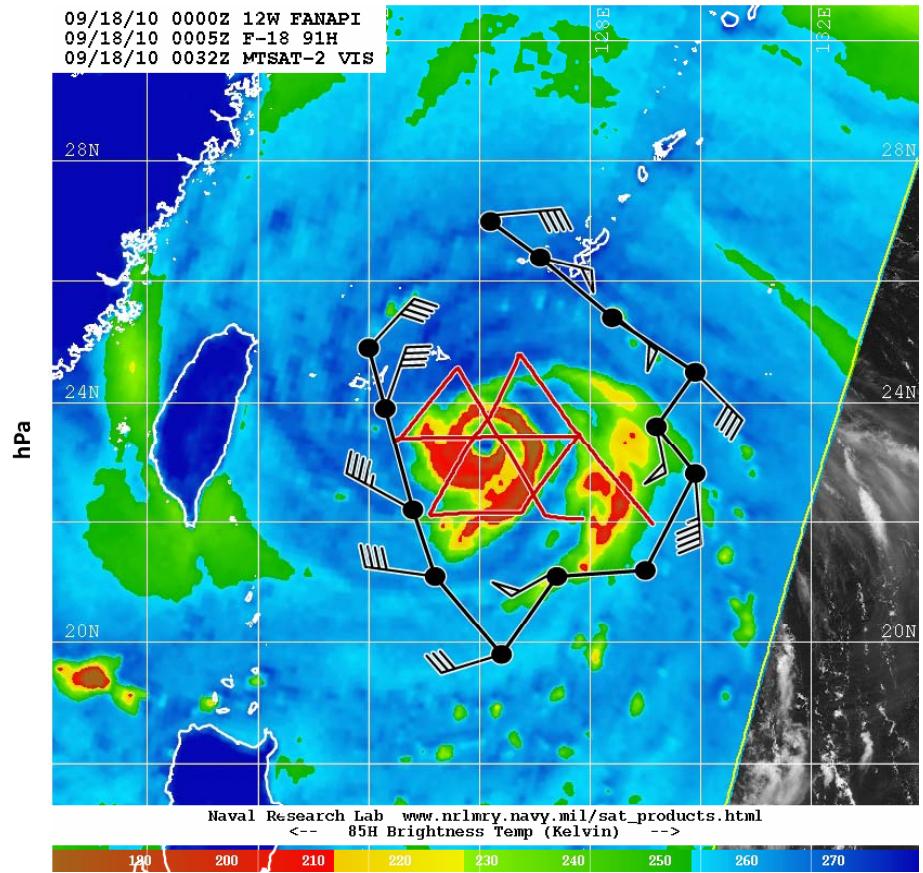
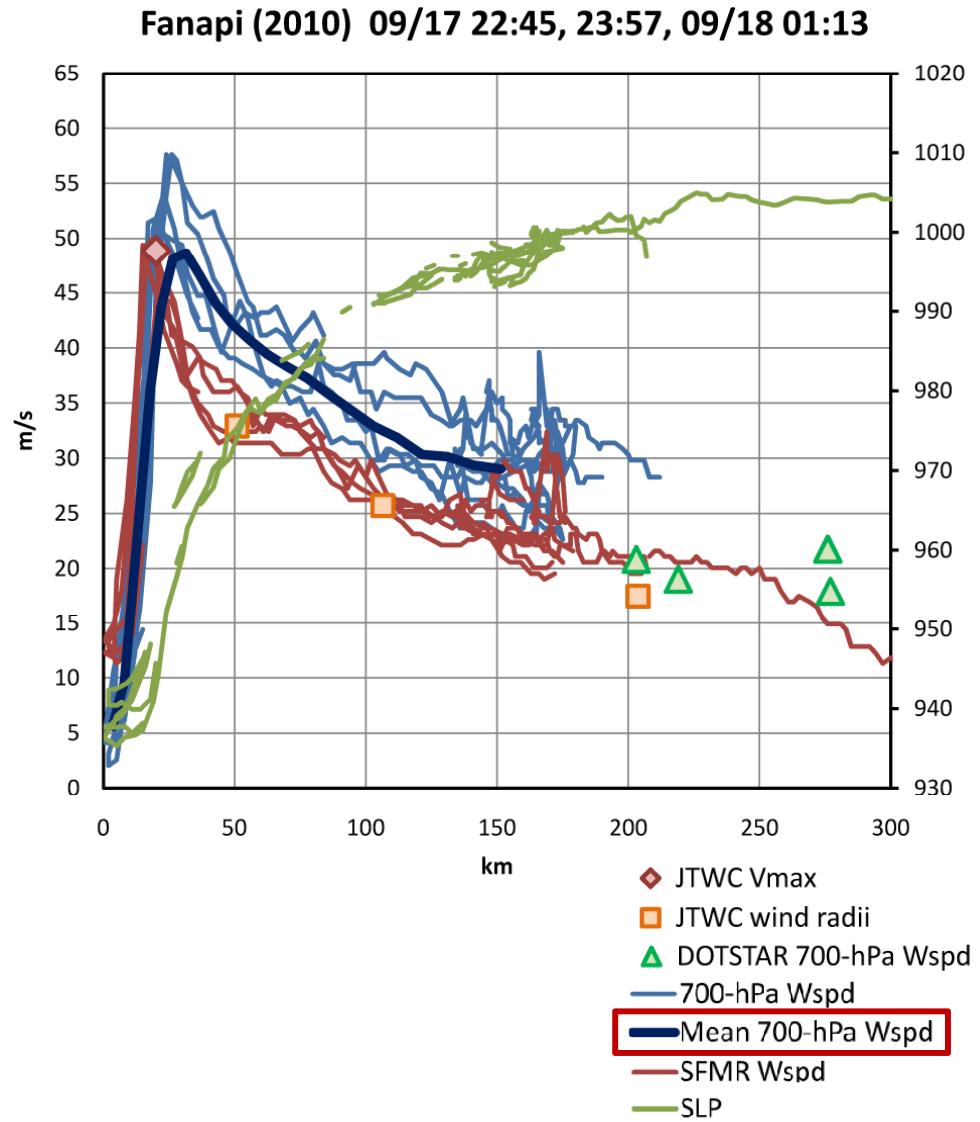
3 consecutive C130-DOTSTAR joint fight missions (I)



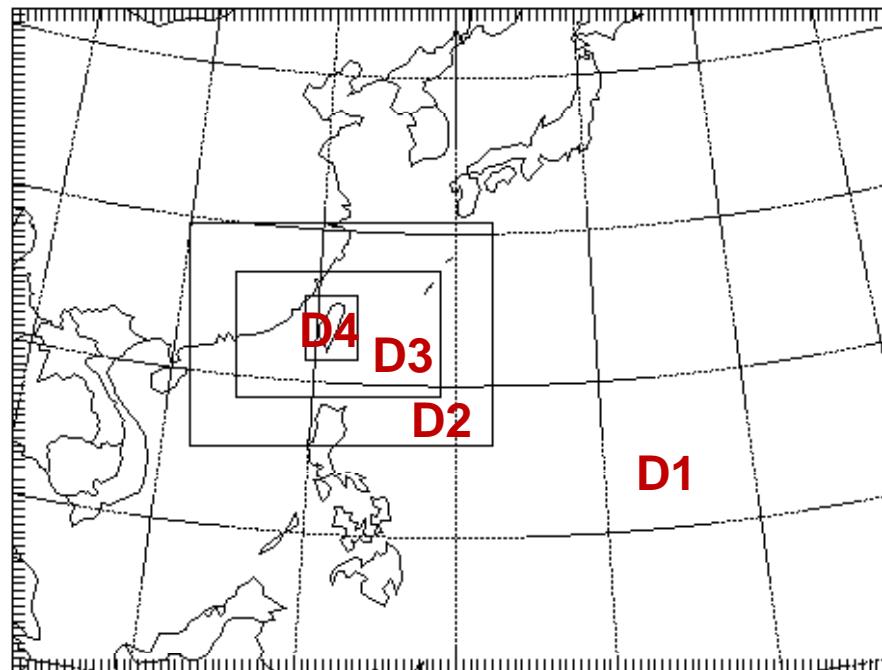
3 consecutive C130-DOTSTAR joint fight missions (II)



3 consecutive C130-DOTSTAR joint fight missions (III)

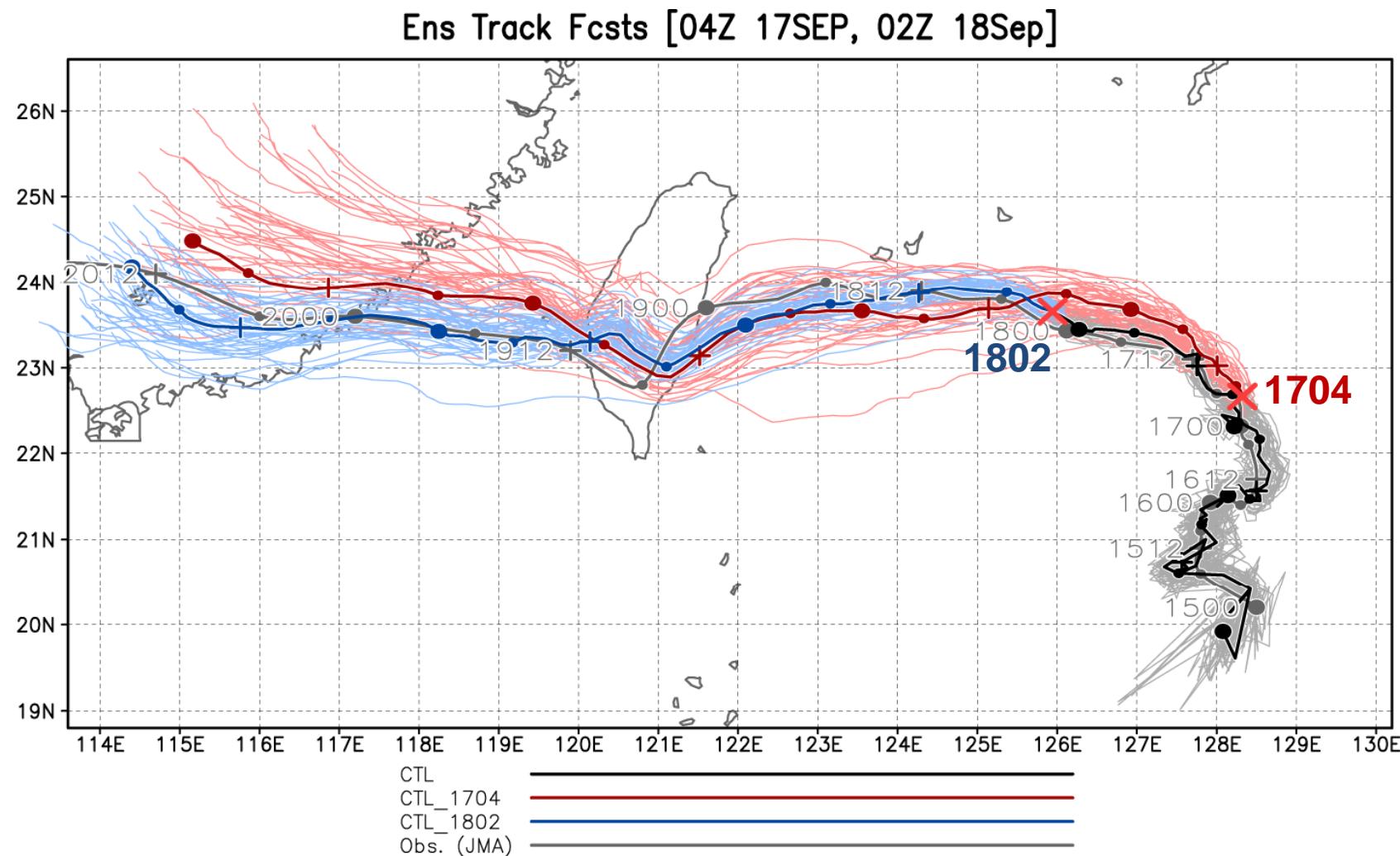


2-km resolution run initialized from ensemble mean (*CTL_1802_2km*)



- Use larger fixed domains in this simulation (data interpolated from the original moving domains).
- Add additional **domain 4** covered Taiwan island with **2-km resolution**.
- The track of Fanapi is nearly the same as that in *CTL_1802* (6 km / moving domain).

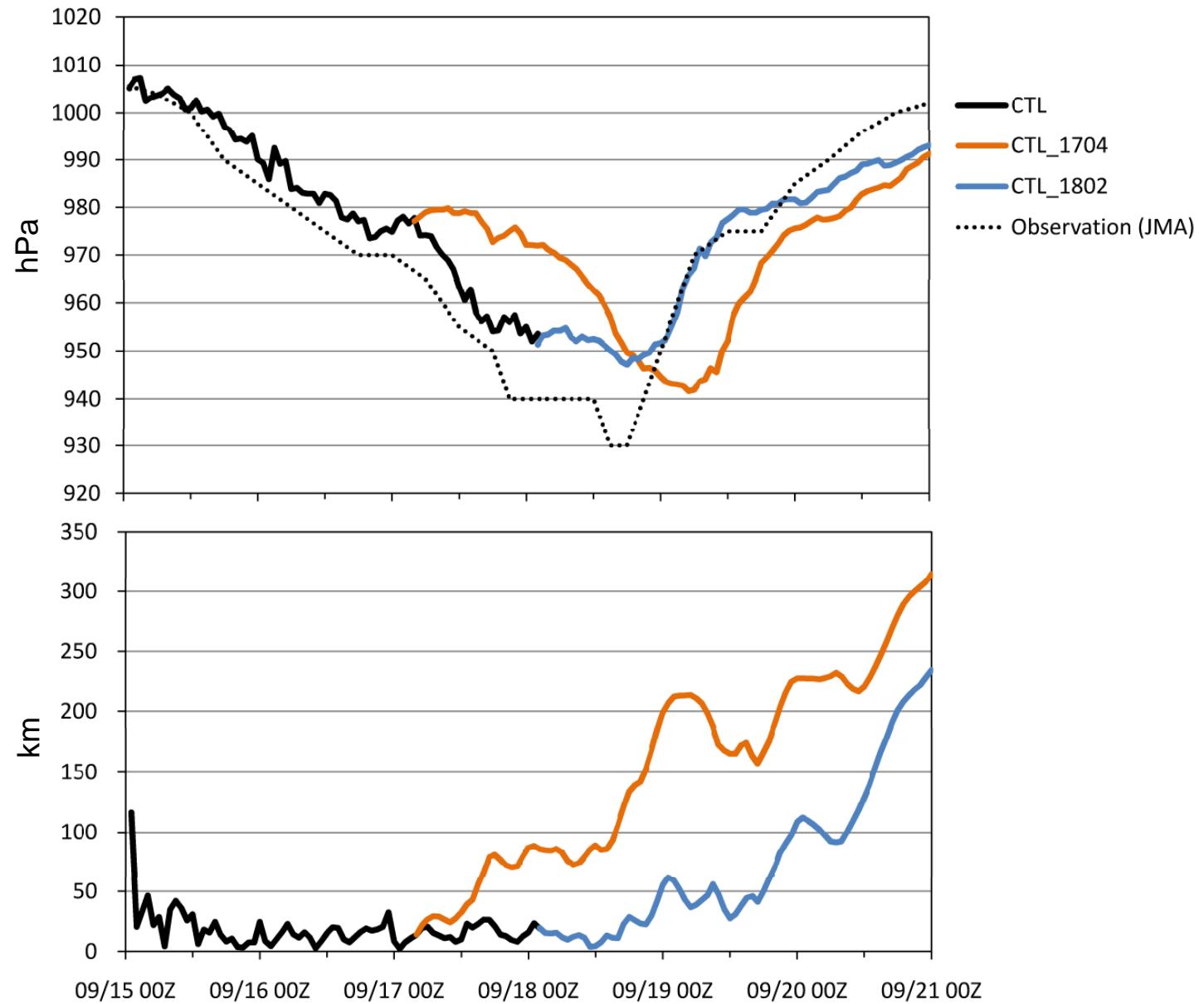
Forecasts : Ensemble tracks (*CTL_1704*, *CTL_1802*)



- The simulated Fanapi in *CTL_1704* moves **slower** than the observed track.

Forecasts : Track errors and intensities

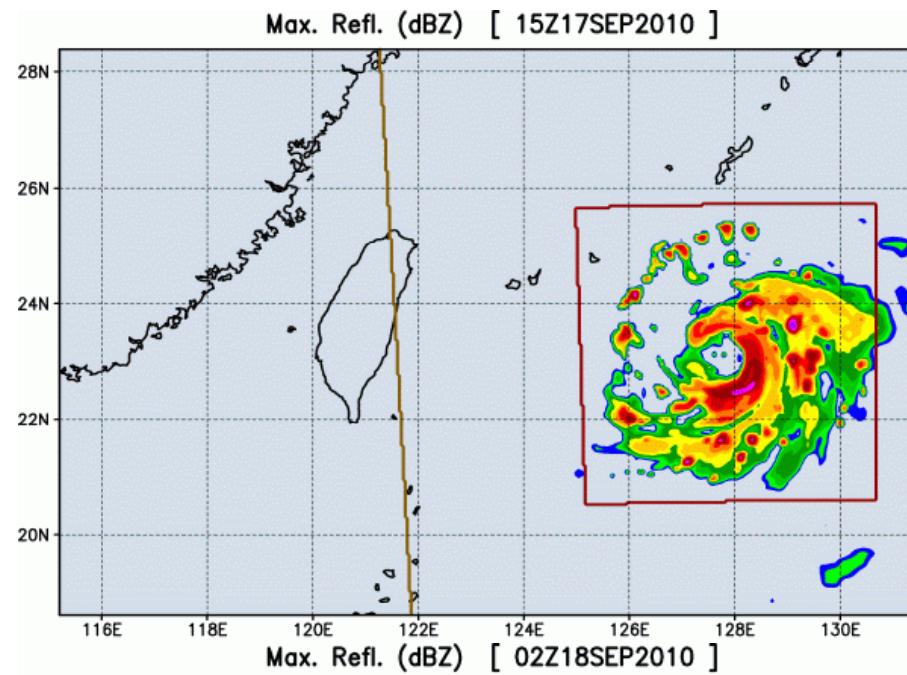
Intensity



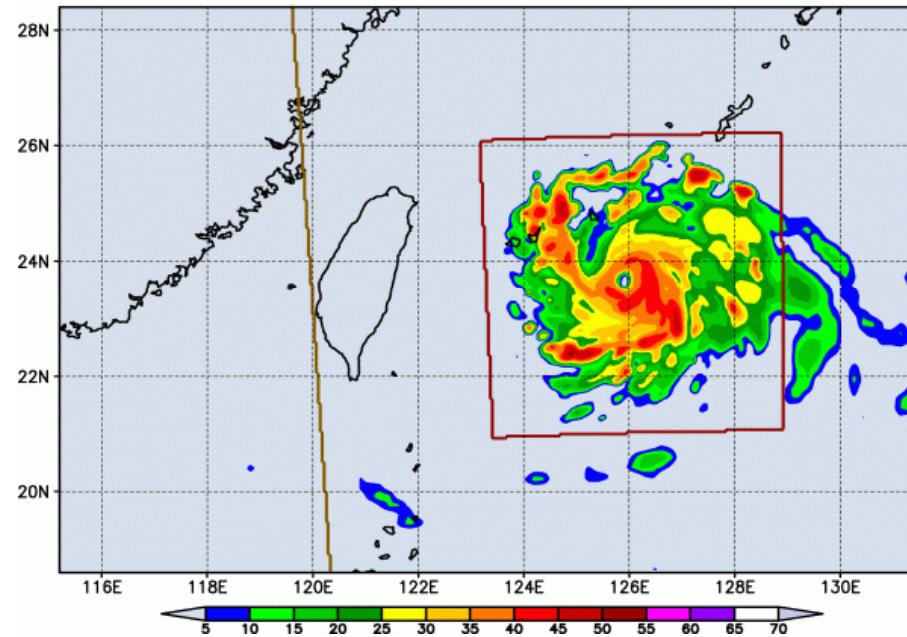
Track error

Forecasts : Radar reflectivity

CTL_1704



CTL_1802



Ongoing works

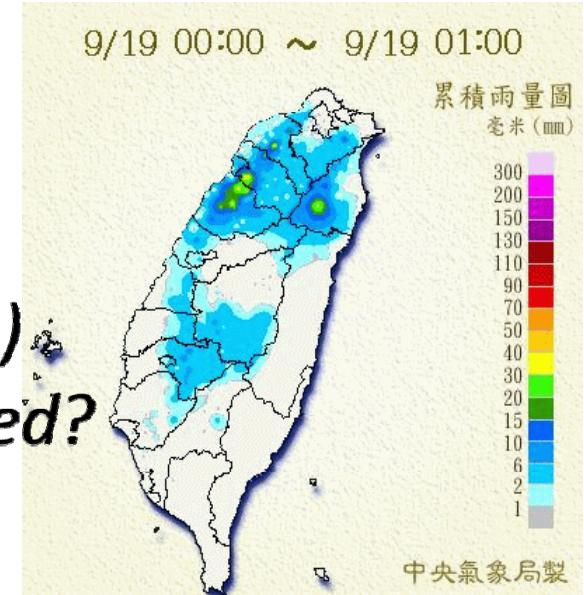
- **Typhoon-ocean interaction**

- *Coupled model simulation*

- *Cold wake (model vs. ITOP observation)*

- *How it formed, sustained and decayed?*

- *Feedback to intensity*



- **Interaction with Taiwan terrain**

- *Track*

- *Intensity and structure change*

- *Rainfall and its predictability*

