Scanning Raman Lidar Measurements During IHOP

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Outline

- Scanning Raman Lidar
 - Extensive system modifications prior to IHOP
- Data summary by mission type
 - Analysis status
- Results
 - Error analysis
 - Horizontal measurements
 - Cirrus clouds

Scanning Raman Lidar

• Measurements

- Water vapor mixing ratio
- Aerosol scattering, extinction, depolarization
- Liquid water (nighttime only)
- Temperature (experimental)
- 0.76 m and 0.25m telescopes
 - High/Low ranges
- Nd:YAG (9 W @ 355 nm)
- Full aperture scanning
- Windows for all-weather operations
- 12 channel AD/PC data acquisition (up to 7.5 m resolution)



SRL Data Status Versus Mission

CI Missions		BLE Missions		
22-May-02 S-Pol		14-Jun-02	BLE Homestead	
2-4 June 02 Three missions	S	21-Jun-02	BLE Homestead	Vartical H O
9-Jun-02 M-LLJ, CI Guy	mon			vertical H_2O
10-Jun-02 Dodge City		Bore Missions		data
11-Jun-02 S-Pol				Uala
12-Jun-02 S-Pol		2-4 June 02		
15-Jun-02 Dumas, Tx		19-Jun-02		Doody for
18-Jun-02 Sublette, KS				Ready for
19-Jun-02 NW Kansas (C	irrus)	S-Pol		• •
		Comparisons		uniform
BLH Missions		20-May-02		calibration
		10-Jun-02	nighttime	cunoration
20-May-02 BLH in Homest	tead	17-Jun-02	daytime	
area				Has some
25-May-02 BLH Homestea	ad area	21-Jun-02	daytime	
				1SSUES
29-May-02 BLH Homestea	ad area			
20 May 02 BLH East log (TAOS		Not storted
SU-May-02 BLH East leg (Cirrus)	Comparisons		Not started
21 May 02 Blill lamasta		Compansons		
ST-May-02 BLH Homestea	au area			
6-Jun-02 BLH central tra	ick	12-Jun-02		
7-Jun-02 BLH Homestea	ad area	21-Jun-02		
17-Jun-02 BLH Eastern tr	ack			
LLJ Missions				
1-Jun-02 ELLJ				
2-4 June 02 MILL				
9-Jun-02 M-LLJ				

SRL Water Vapor Data Overview

- Numerous instrument upgrades prior to and during IHOP
 - Factor of 10 increase in the water vapor signal strength
 - Significant increase in S/N compared with DOE Raman lidar
- Data acquired at 1 minute (10 sec) temporal and 30 (7.5m) vertical resolution
- Data to be delivered at 3 minute temporal and ~60
 200 meter vertical resolution
- Release of "green" cases after uniform calibration applied
 - Most cases will include aerosol scattering ratio as well.
 Other products available on a research basis.
 - Distribution of data begins within 2-4 weeks
 - New person to be hired for IHOP analysis

Data "issues" more apparent in aerosol data



Automated, eye-safe configuration will permit 24/7 operation and eliminate alignment drift

Water Vapor Errors (Dryline May 22, 2002)

• Random error a function time of day, altitude and amount of water vapor

- day <10% in BL
- night <2% in BL, <10% to 6km

• Poisson propagated errors agree with FFT technique for both PC and AD data







June 2-4 (3 CI, LLJ, BLE, Bores!)

data presented at 1 minute and 30 meter resolution



20 minutes of data available to help fill in gap at ~30 UT

Focus on the June 4 Bore



13-16 oscillations depending on how you count...

June 2-4 Clouds

June 2-4, 2002



Oscillations visible at 6 km. Do oscillations persist in the cloud field between 10 and 16 UT?

Preliminary temperature retrieval (June 2)

- Rotational Raman technique used during IHOP
- •Field configuration unoptimized yielding long averaging times
- Can be made eye-safe



Courtesy: P. Di Girolamo

Horizontal Toward S-Pol (June 10) Resolution: 5 minute temporal and ~100 – 500 m spatial



June 11, 2002 – Horizontal Water Vapor (S–Pol)

Measurements useful for comparison with refractivity based retrievals of water vapor from the radar

June 19-20 Bore



Evidence of wave action in several locations

Energy transported into the upper troposphere?



Two cloud levels present in this case. Evidence of wave propagation up to the lower cloud level.

A closer look at the oscillations in the lower cloud layer



The Scorer parameter can help to determine if the atmosphere supported vertical wave propagation up to cloud level at this time.

Upper troposphere humidification



Water vapor profiles up to 12 km trace the humidification of the UT due to cirrus precipitation. Atmosphere is saturated wrt ice at cloud base, super saturated in cloud. Lower cloud level does not show saturation due to vertical smoothing used.

Cirrus optical properties for the June 19-20 case

Anomolously low values in the upper cirrus layer







Difference in OD calculated at different heights evidence of multiple scattering. With the other parameters measured by Raman lidar, particle size retrievals possible. Knowledge of particle size improves ice water estimates based on cloud optical depth.

Summary

- NASA/GSFC Scanning Raman Lidar (SRL) successfully deployed to IHOP in new configuration
 - Factor of 10 increased water vapor signal strength improves temporal and spatial resolution versus DOE CART Raman Lidar
- Numerous cases of interest to IHOP measured
 - Bores, dryline, boundary layer evolution
- Data being processed based on priority
 - Get your requests in!
- Data processing ongoing with initial release of data to begin within 4 weeks
- Detailed study of the performance of the SRL will be undertaken once the data processing tasks are complete.